DATA	STRUCTURES AN	D APPLICATIONS		
Course Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	
Course Objectives:				
CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of solutions to problems.				
CLO 2. Illustrate representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.				
CLO 3. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, Queues, Linked Lists.				
CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and Graph for application development. CLO 5. Apply the Hashing techniques in mapping key value pairs.				
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener		lue pairs.		
reaching-Learning Frocess (Gener	ai ilisti uctiolisj			
These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes.	eachers can use to ac	ccelerate the attainment of t	he various course	
1. Lecturer method (L) need no	-		mative effective	
teaching methods could be a	-			
2. Use of Video/Animation to e	. 0	•		
3. Encourage collaborative (Gr	1 0,	0		
<ol> <li>Ask at least three HOT (High thinking.</li> </ol>	er order Thinking) o	juestions in the class, which	promotes critical	
5. Adopt Problem Based Learni	ing (PBL), which fost	ters students' Analytical skil	lls, develop design	
thinking skills such as the ab				
than simply recall it.	,			
6. Introduce Topics in manifold	representations			
7. Show the different ways to s	-	am and encourage the stude	nts to come un with	
their own creative ways to s	-	en and encourage the stude	into to come up with	
8. Discuss how every concept c		real world - and when that'	s nossible it helps	
improve the students' under		i cai worra and when that	5 роззівіс, іс пегрэ	
	Module-	1		
Introduction: Data Structures, Clas			structure operations	
(Traversing, inserting, deleting, sear				
Self-Referential Structures. Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, dynamically				
allocated arrays and Multidimensional Arrays.				
Demonstration of representation of F		rse Matrices with arrays.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapte				
Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapte	er 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14	Гextbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.3		
Laboratory Component:				
1. Design, Develop and Implem	ent a menu driven P	rogram in C for the followin	g Array Operations	
b. Display of Array Ele	ments with Suitable	Headings		
c. Exit.		<b>, ,</b> .		
Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.				
2. Design, Develop and Implem			g Array operations	
a. Inserting an Elemen				
b. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position POS)				
c. Display of Array Ele	ments			

d. Exit.			
	h functions for each of the above operations.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to illustrate application of arrays and structures. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s		
	https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures- 1/List%20of%20experiments.html		
	Module-2		
	ns, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic If expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to ostfix expression, recursion.		
<b>Queues:</b> Definition, Array Repres Circular queues using Dynamic ar	entation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and rays, Dequeues, Priority Queues.		
-	3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13		
Laboratory Component:			
<ul> <li>STACK of Integers (Array <ul> <li><i>Push</i> an Element</li> <li><i>Pop</i> an Element f</li> <li><i>Demonstrate Ove</i></li> <li>Display the statu</li> <li>Exit</li> </ul> </li> <li>Support the program with</li> <li>Design, Develop and Impla. Evaluation of Suf</li> <li>b. Solving Tower of</li> </ul>	rom Stack erflow and Underflow situations on Stack s of Stack h appropriate functions for each of the above operations lement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications fix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^ Hanoi problem with n disks		
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html		
	Module-3		
Memory, Traversing, Insertion, 1 linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Cir	ation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly cular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. nomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.4	, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9		
Laboratory Component:			
1. Singly Linked List (SLL) o a. Create a SLL stac	-		
integers.	create a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of		
Doubly Linked List (DI specialization	plement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationson .L) of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area of ck of N Professor's Data.		
	K OLIV FILUESSOLIS LIALA		

	ue of N Professor's Data and count the number of nodes in it.
Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
	Module-4
Representation of Binary Trees, Bin Threaded binary trees, Binary Sea operation on Binary search tree. Ap	ees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked nary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; arch Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching pplication of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.
Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5, Laboratory Component:	5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9
fashion. That is, elements level 0. Ex: Input : arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} Output : Root of the follow 1 $/ \setminus$ 2 3 $/ \setminus / \setminus$ 4 5 6 2. Design, Develop and Impl Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N	lement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on of Integers
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning
http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and- algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html	
	Module-5
<ul> <li>Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree, Splay tree, B-tree.</li> <li>Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth FirstSearch.</li> <li>Hashing: Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.</li> <li>Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10.3, 10.4, Textbook 2:7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 Chapter 11: 11.2, Textbook 1: Chapter 6: 6.1–6.2, Chapter 8: 8.1-8.3, Textbook 2: 8.1 – 8.3, 8.5, 8.7</li> </ul>	
Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 15.	.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7

#### Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
  - b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.
- 2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Teaching-Learning Process	NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs.		
	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-		
	algorithms.html		

## Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

# The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Textbooks:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications,2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/

3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
  - Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
  - Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

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Course Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	
Course Objectives:	J			
CLO 6. Explain the fundamentals of solutions to problems. CLO 7. Illustrate representation of c				
CLO 8. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, Queues, Linked Lists. CLO 9. Explore usage of Trees and Graph for application development. CLO 10. Apply the Hashing techniques in mapping key value pairs.				
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener		nue pairs.		
Teaching-Learning Frocess (Gener	ai ilisti uctiolisj			
These are sample Strategies, which te outcomes.	eachers can use to a	ccelerate the attainment of	the various course	
9. Lecturer method (L) need no	ot to be only traditio	nal lecture method but alte	ernative effective	
teaching methods could be a	•			
10. Use of Video/Animation to e	-			
11. Encourage collaborative (Gro		-		
12. Ask at least three HOT (High	1 0,	0	n promotos critical	
thinking.	er ofder Thinking)	questions in the class, which	i promotes critical	
C	ng (DDI) which for	tora atudanta' Analytical ali	illa davalan dasian	
13. Adopt Problem Based Learni	• • •	•		
thinking skills such as the ab	llity to design, evalu	late, generalize, and analyze	e information rather	
than simply recall it.				
14. Introduce Topics in manifold	-			
15. Show the different ways to s	-	em and encourage the stude	ents to come up with	
their own creative ways to se				
16. Discuss how every concept c	an be applied to the	real world - and when that	's possible, it helps	
improve the students' under	standing.			
	Module-	1		
<b>Introduction:</b> Data Structures, Class (Traversing, inserting, deleting, search Self-Referential Structures.				
Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, dynamically allocated arrays and Multidimensional Arrays.				
Demonstration of representation of F		rse Matrices with arrays.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7, Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14 Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.3				
Laboratory Component:				
3. Design, Develop and Implem	ent a menu driven H	Program in C for the following	ng Array Operations	
a. Creating an Array of			5 7 F	
b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings				
c. Exit.				
Support the program with fu	nctions for each of	he above operations.		
<ul> <li>4. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array operations</li> <li>a. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)</li> <li>b. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position POS)</li> </ul>				
c. Display of Array Elements				

d. Exit.		
	functions for each of the above operations.	
Teaching-Learning Process	cessProblem based learning (Implementation of different programs illustrate application of arrays and structures. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P V-qns&t=201s	
	https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures- 1/List%20of%20experiments.html	
	Module-2	
	s, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to	
<b>Queues:</b> Definition, Array Represer Circular queues using Dynamic arra	ntation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and ays, Dequeues, Priority Queues.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.4, 3	.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13	
Laboratory Component:		
<ul> <li>STACK of Integers (Array In a. Push an Element of b. Pop an Element from c. Demonstrate Overy d. Display the status e. Exit</li> <li>Support the program with a 4. Design, Develop and Implet</li> </ul>	om Stack <i>flow</i> and <i>Underflow</i> situations on Stack	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html	
	Module-3	
Memory, Traversing, Insertion, De linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Circo Applications of Linked lists – Polyne	tion of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in eletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly ular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. omials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9 Laboratory Component:		
<ol> <li>Singly Linked List (SLL) of a</li> <li>a. Create a SLL stack</li> <li>b. Display of SLL</li> <li>c. Linear search. Create</li> </ol>	•	
<ul> <li>4. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationson Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area of specialization <ol> <li>a. Create a DLL stack of N Students Data.</li> <li>b. Create a DLL queue of N Students Data</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		

Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists.		
reaching hearing rocess	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/		
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html		
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html		
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html		
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html		
	Module-4		
	rees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked		
	inary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder;		
	earch Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching pplication of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.		
<u>Fextbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 -5.5,</u> Laboratory Component:	5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9		
3. Given an array of eleme	nts, construct a complete binary tree from this array in level order		
fashion. That is, elements	from left in the array will be filled in the tree level wise starting from		
level 0. Ex: Input :			
arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}			
Output : Root of the follow	ving tree		
1			
2 3			
$^{2}$ $^{3}$ / \ / \			
5 5 6			
	plement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations or		
Binary Search Tree (BST)			
a. Create a BST of N			
b. Traverse the BST	in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order		
Feaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning		
	i i obioni babea ieaning		
	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-		
	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and- algorithms.html		
	algorithms.html		
	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html		
	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-		
	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html		
	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-		
<b>Frees 2:</b> AVL tree, Red-black tree,	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5		
	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 Splay tree, B-tree.		
Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 Splay tree, B-tree. ies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa		
<b>Graphs:</b> Definitions, Terminolog nethods: Breadth First Search and	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 Splay tree, B-tree. ies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa		
Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog nethods: Breadth First Search and Hashing: Hash Table organization	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 Splay tree, B-tree. ies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal d Depth FirstSearch. is, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.		
Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog methods: Breadth First Search and Hashing: Hash Table organization Fextbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 Splay tree, B-tree. ies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal d Depth FirstSearch.		
methods: Breadth First Search and Hashing: Hash Table organization Fextbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10	algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 Splay tree, B-tree. ies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa d Depth FirstSearch. as, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. 0.3, 10.4, Textbook 2:7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 Chapter 11: 11.2, Textbook 1 8.1-8.3, Textbook 2: 8.1 – 8.3, 8.5, 8.7		

- 3. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
  - b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.
- 4. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Teaching-Learning Process	NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs.
	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-
	algorithms.html

# **Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 6. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 7. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 8. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 9. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.

CO 10. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 6. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 7. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

8. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 9. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 10. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). **CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 3. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 4. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

# Textbooks:

- 4. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 5. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 6. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

# **Reference Books:**

- 5. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 6. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications,2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 7. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 8. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- $4. \ http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html$
- 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/</u>
- 6. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

ANA	LOG AND DIGITAI	ELECTRONICS	
Course Code	21CS33	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Explain the use of photo elec		-	
CLO 2. Make use of simplifying tech	niques in the design	of combinational circuits	5.
CLO 3. Illustrate combinational and	sequential digital cir	rcuits	
CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flipfl	ops and apply for rea	gisters	
CLO 5. Design and test counters, An	alog-to-Digital and D	igital-to-Analog convers	ion techniques.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		-
These are sample Strategies, which to	-	celerate the attainment o	of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) does no	t mean only traditio	nal lecture method, but d	ifferent type of
teaching methods may be ad	•		interent type of
<b>e</b>	• •		
2. Show Video/animation films	-	• •	
3. Encourage collaborative (Gr		•	
4. Ask at least three HOT (High	er order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, whi	ich promotes critical
thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learn			
skills such as the ability to ev	valuate, generalize, a	nd analyze information r	ather than simply recall
it.			
6. Topics will be introduced in	a multiple represent	ation.	
7. Show the different ways to s	olve the same proble	em and encourage the stu	dents to come up with
their own creative ways to s	-	Ū	*
8. Discuss how every concept c		real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps
improve the students' under			
	Module-	1	
BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to b			
b) i blushig. i keu blus, concetor to b	use blus, voltage uiv		
Operational Amplifier Application Ci	rcuits: Paak Datactor	Schmitt trigger Active I	Filters Non-Linear
Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Curr			
•	0	0	rter, Regulated Power
Supply Parameters, adjustable voltag	ge regulator, D to A a	nd A to D converter.	
Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (See		Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4	4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter
8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9			
Laboratom, Component.			
Laboratory Component:	dou biogradiana di		le sinovit -il-i
1. Simulate BJT CE voltage divi	-		
2. Using ua 741 Opamp, design			
3. Design an astable multivibra	tor circuit for three	cases of duty cycle (50%,	<50% and >50%)
using NE 555 timer IC.			
4. Using ua 741 opamap, desig	n a window compara	tor for any given UTP an	d LTP.
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstra	tion of circuits using sim	ulation.
_		k: Design a integrated po	
		nerator operating at aud	
	-	triangular functions are	
	-	Board for numerical	0

Module-2

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

# Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

## Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process       1. Chalk and Board for numerical		
	2. Laboratory Demonstration	
Module-3		

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

# Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

# Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
- 2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator	
	2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device	
	3. Chalk and Board for numerical	
Modulo 4		

#### Module-4

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3, SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

# Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
- 2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Module-5		
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers,		

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
- 2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

	0	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Seven-
		segment display to display the output
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Course outcome (Course Shill Cot)		

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods
- CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019 **Reference Books** 

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
- 2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
- 3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
- 4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

	COMPU	TER ORGANIZATIO	ON AND ARCHITECT	URE
Course	Code	21CS34	CIE Marks	50
Teachiı	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total H	lours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course	e Learning Objectives			
C	CLO 1. Understand the org operation	anization and archite	ecture of computer syste	ms, their structure and
C	CLO 2. Illustrate the conce	pt of machine instruc	tions and programs	
C	CLO 3. Demonstrate differ	ent ways of communi	cating with I/O devices	
C	CLO 4. Describe different t	ypes memory devices	s and their functions	
C	CLO 5. Explain arithmetic	and logical operation	s with different data typ	es
(	CLO 6. Demonstrate proce	ssing unit with parall	el processing and pipeli	ne architecture
Teachi	ng-Learning Process (Ge	eneral Instructions)		
These a	are sample Strategies, whi	ch teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcom				
1.		d not to be only a trad	ditional lecture method	but alternative effective
1.	teaching methods could	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation	-		
2. 3.	Encourage collaborative	-		
-	-		-	which we water with al
4.	Ask at least three HOT (I		g questions in the class,	which promotes critical
_	thinking.			
5.	-		•	cal skills, develop design
	-	e ability to design, ev	aluate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in man	-		
7.				uits/logic and encourage
	the students to come up		•	
8.	Discuss how every conce	ept can be applied to t	he real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' un	-		
		Modu		
	Structure of Computers Basic Performance Equation			s, Performance – Processor
Machin	no Instructions and I	Programe: Momory	Location and Addro	sses, Memory Operations,
	tions and Instruction Sequ			sses, Memory Operations,
Instruc				
Instruc				
	ook 1: Chapter1 - 1.3, 1.4	, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6	5.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 1	2.5
Textbo	ook 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4 ng-Learning Process		5 <b>.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to</b> tive Learning, Problem I	
Textbo			tive Learning, Problem l	
Textbo Teachi Input/	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac	Chalk and board, Ac Modu	tive Learning, Problem l <b>le-2</b>	based learning
Textbo Teachi Input/	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac Modu	tive Learning, Problem l <b>le-2</b>	based learning
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access,	<b>ng-Learning Process</b> Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits	Chalk and board, Ac <b>Modu</b> cessing I/O Devices, I	tive Learning, Problem l <b>le-2</b>	based learning
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6	tive Learning, Problem I <b>le-2</b> nterrupts – Interrupt Ha	oased learning ardware, Direct Memory
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo	<b>ng-Learning Process</b> Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, Problem l <b>le-2</b> nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr	oased learning ardware, Direct Memory
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo Teachi	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits Ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, <b>4.4, 4.5, 4.6</b> Chalk and board, Ac Modu	tive Learning, Problem H le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr le-3	pased learning ardware, Direct Memory ration
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo Teachi Memor	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits Ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac Modu 5, Semiconductor RAM	tive Learning, Problem H le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr le-3 1 Memories, Read Only N	oased learning ardware, Direct Memory
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo Teachi Memon Cost, Ca	<b>Output Organization:</b> Ac Buses, Interface Circuits <b>Ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2</b> <b>Ing-Learning Process</b> <b>ry System:</b> Basic Concepts	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I e, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac Modu s, Semiconductor RAM Functions, Virtual mo	tive Learning, Problem I le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr le-3 1 Memories, Read Only Memories	pased learning ardware, Direct Memory ration

	Module-4	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed		
Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers		
Desta Deservativa Hatte Dal		
Microprogrammed control	nental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control,	
Microprogrammed control		
Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Cha	apter6 – 6.1 to 6.3	
Textbook 1: Chapter7 - 7.1, 7.	2,7.4, 7.5	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
	Module-5	
	sing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction	
Pipeline, Vector Processing, Arra	ay Processors	
Toythook 2. Chaptor 0 01 0	2 0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7	
Textbook 2: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes		
At the end of the course the stud	lont will be able to	
	n and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and	
programs		
	ut devices communicating with computer system	
	ons of different types of memory devices	
	es on simple arithmetic and logical unit	
	f basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining	
Assessment Details (both CIE	-	
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	r the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
	End Examination) taken together	
Continuous Internal Evaluatio		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar		
1. First test at the end of 5		
	f the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
	the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
Two assignments each of <b>10 Ma</b>		
_	end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
-	ne end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the $13^{\text{th}}$ w		
	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be scaled down to 50 m		
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy	
as per the outcome defined for	r the course.	
Semester End Examination:		
	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question	
papers for the subject (duration	-	
1. The question paper will	have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.	

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Textbooks

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition

# Reference:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
- 6. <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html</u>
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
  - Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
  - Quizzes

	<b>OBJECT ORIENTE</b>	D PROGRAMMIN	IG WITH JAVA LABOR	ATORY
Course Co		21CSL35	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
	<b>Objectives:</b> Demonstrate the use of Eclip	ose/Netbeans IDE to	o create Iava Applications.	
CLO 2. U	Jsing java programming to Reinforce the understanding	develop programs fo	or solving real-world prob	olems.
CLU 5. 1				•
	Note: two nours tutoria		each laboratory sessions requisite	S.
	Students should		ut java installation and se	this a the issue
	environment.		s should be introduced.	ung the Java
Sl. No.	PART A – List of problem Laboratory	ns for which studer	nt should develop progra	m and execute in the
	Aim: Introduce the java f	undamentals data t	vnes, operators in java	
1		ogram that prints a	ll real solutions to the qua	dratic equation
		tion of java classes,	objects, constructors, dec	claration and
	USN	lass called <b>Student</b>	with the following details	as variables within it.
2	Name Branch Phone			
			jects and print the USN, N	ame, Branch, and Phone
	Aim: Discuss the various	Decision-making st	atements, loop constructs	s in java
2	Program:			
3	A. Write a program to ch	eck prime number		
	B.Write a program for Ar	ithmetic calculator	using switch case menu	
	Aim: Demonstrate the co	re object-oriented o	concept of Inheritance, po	lymorphism
4	by writing three subclass	ses namely Teaching	as StaffId, Name, Phone, S g (domain, publications), 7 ead and display at least 3	Гесhnical (skills), and
		of method overload	ling, constructor overload	ing, overriding.
5	overloading.		ng Method overloading ar	nd Constructor
	Aim: Introduce the conce	ept of Abstraction, p	ackages.	
6	INR, Yen to INR and vice	versa), distance cor	ement currency converter overter (meter to KM, mile nd vice versa) using packa	es to KM and vice versa
7	Aim: Introduction to abstract classes, abstract methods, and Interface in java			

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi- threaded programming.
8	Program: Write a Java program that implements a <b>multi-thread</b> application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
	Aim: Introduce java Collections.
9	Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally.
10	Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. <b>Compute</b> a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
	Aim: Introduce File operations in java.
11	Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings.
12	Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
<u> </u>	
At the end	<b>utcome (Course Skill Set)</b> I of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. U	Ise Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects.
a	nalyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming nd become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP.
0	Demonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object- riented data and document results.
r	apply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop obust programs.
	Develop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts. Ent Details (both CIE and SEE)
50%. The be deeme The stude	htage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. ent has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
(SEE).	ous Internal Evaluation (CIE):
Continuo	
	s for the practical course is <b>50 Marks</b> .
CIE mark	

Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

# Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020

MASTERING OFFICE (Practical based)			
Course Code	21CSL381	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives			

#### **Course Objectives:**

CLO 1. Understand the basics of computers and prepare documents and small presentations.

CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet/worksheet with various options.

CLO 3. Create simple presentations using templates various options available.

CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.

CLO 5. Use MS Office to create projects, applications.

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**MS-Word** -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

# Textbook 1: Chapter 2

<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
Module-2		

**MS-Excel-** Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

**Textbook 1: Chapter 3** 

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
Module-3		

**MS-Power Point** -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies		
<u> </u>	Module-4		
view. Datasheet Records – Addin and columns, finding data in a ta	ase wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design ng, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows ble & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.		
	Module-5		
Outlook Data Files	n, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook,		
Textbook 1: Chapter 7			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
At the end of the course the stud CO 1. Know the basics presentations with a CO 2. Create, edit, save an mail merge and gran CO 3. Attain the knowledg CO 4. Demonstrate the ab	<ul> <li>Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):</li> <li>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</li> <li>CO 1. Know the basics of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations with audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet.</li> <li>CO 2. Create, edit, save and print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker, mail merge and grammar checker</li> <li>CO 3. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc.</li> <li>CO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.</li> <li>CO 5. Use Google Suite for office data management tasks</li> </ul>		
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)		
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).			
Continuous Internal Evaluatio			
<i>NOTE: List of experiments to be</i> CIE marks for the practical cours	e prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above se is <b>50 Marks</b> .		
The split-up of CIE marks for rec	ord/ journal and test are in the ratio <b>60:40</b> .		
• Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.			
Record should contain all will be evaluated for 10 ms	the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up arks.		
• Total marks scored by the	students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).		
• Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.			
• Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 <sup>th</sup> week			
of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester.			
<ul> <li>In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.</li> <li>The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.</li> </ul>			
• The suitable rubits can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and rearning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book			
	scaled down to <b>20 marks</b> (40% of the maximum marks).		
-			
	The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.		
Semester End Evaluation (SEE	):		

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

#### Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE</u>
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4</u>
- 4. <u>https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc</u>
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw</u>
- 6. <u>http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx</u>
- 7. <u>https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center</u>
- 8. <u>http://spoken-tutorial.org</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

PROGRAMMING IN C++			
Course Code	21CS382	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

#### **Course Objectives:**

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Introduction to Object Oriented Programming:** Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

## Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
	Module-2	
<b>Functions in C++:</b> Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9)		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
	problem solving	
Module-3		
Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining		
Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)		

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving	
	Module-4	
I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file		
operations.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Ch	apter 13 (13.6,13.7)	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's	
	Module-5	
<b>Exception Handling:</b> Introduction	to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block-	
Throw statement- Pre-defined except	ptions in C++ .	
-		
Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13	3.6)	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	t):	
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:	
	design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming	
concepts.		
Overloading.	e with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function	
8	y and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism	
	e Performance analysis of I/O Streams.	
	of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for	
providing programmed	solutions to complex problems.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and	SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Intern	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
The minimum passing mark for the	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
deemed to have satisfied the acade	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
course if the student secures not le	ss than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together	
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b>		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (	duration 01 hour)	
1. First test at the end of $5^{\text{th}}$ we	eek of the semester	
2. Second test at the end of the	e 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
3. Third test at the end of the 1	15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>		
4. First assignment at the end	of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
5. Second assignment at the er	nd of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any	y one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week	of the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignme	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be <b>scaled down to 50 marks</b>		
	on of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).		
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		
as per the outcome defined for the course.		
Semester End Examination:		
	University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question	
papers for the subject (duration 01	-	
	ns of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The	
time allotted for SEE is 01 hours		

## Textbooks

- 1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
- 2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++", apress, 2010
- 3. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Basics of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA</u>
- 2. Functions of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw</u>

# **Tutorial Link:**

- 1. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp\_intro.asp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3</u>

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

# **IV Semester**

МАТНЕМАТ	ICAL FOUNDAT	IONS FOR COMPUTING	
Course Code:	21CS41	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand an intense found mathematics. CLO 2. Interpret, identify, and solve functions, modular arithmetic CLO 3. To develop probability distril probability distribution occur engineering. Teaching-Learning Process (General These are sample Strategies, which te outcomes.	the language assoc c. oution of discrete a rs in digital signal p al Instructions)	iated with logical structure nd continuous random var processing, design engineer	e, sets, relations and riables. Joint ring and microwave
<ol> <li>Lecturer method (L) does not teaching methods may be add</li> <li>Show Video/animation films</li> <li>Encourage collaborative (Gro</li> <li>Ask at least three HOT (Highe thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learnin skills such as the ability to evi it.</li> <li>Topics will be introduced in a</li> <li>Show the different ways to so their own creative ways to so</li> <li>Discuss how every concept can be app the students' understanding.</li> </ol>	opted to develop th to explain function up Learning) Learn er order Thinking) ng (PBL), which fos aluate, generalize, a multiple represen olve the same probl lve them.	e outcomes. ing of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, whic eters students' Analytical sl and analyze information ra tation. em and encourage the stuc	ch promotes critical kills, develop thinking ther than simply recall dents to come up with
	Module	·1	
<b>Fundamentals of Logic:</b> Basic Conne Logical Implication – Rules of Inference Definitions, and the Proofs of Theorem <b>Self-study:</b> Problems on Logical equi	ctives and Truth Ta ce. Fundamentals o ns. valence.	ables, Logical Equivalence - f Logic contd.: The Use of Q	-
Teaching-Learning Process		roblem based learning	
	Module		
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Functions. Function Composition, and Relations: Properties of Relations,	Inverse Functions		
Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equi Introduction to Graph Theory: I	ivalence Relations a	and Partitions.	-
Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Tr	ails and Circuits.		, · · · · · ,
Self-study: The Pigeon-hole Principle			
Teaching-Learning Process		roblem based learning	
	Module		1
<b>Statistical Methods:</b> Correlation an correlation-problems. Regression and			correlation and rank

**Curve Fitting:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the formy = ax + b,  $y = ax^b$  and  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ 

**Self-study:** Angle between two regression lines, problems. Fitting of the curve y = a b<sup>x</sup>

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
	Module-4

**Probability Distributions**: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation, mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions- problems (derivations for mean and standard deviation for Binomial and Poisson distributions only)- Illustrative examples.

**Self-study:** exponential distribution.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
	Module-5

**Joint probability distribution**: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance and correlation.

**Sampling Theory**: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.

Self-Study: Point estimation and interval estimation.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning

## **Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Apply the concepts of logic for effective computation and relating problems in the Engineering domain.
- CO 2. Analyze the concepts of functions and relations to various fields of Engineering. Comprehend the concepts of Graph Theory for various applications of Computational sciences.
- CO 3. Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analysing the probability models arising in the engineering field.
- CO 4. Make use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.
- CO 5. Construct joint probability distributions and demonstrate the validity of testing the hypothesis.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

## Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of  $4^{th}$  week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20

## Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## Books

- 1. Ralph P. Grimaldi and B V Ramana, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics- An Applied Introduction, Pearson Education, Asia, Fifth edition 2007. ISBN 978-81-7758-424-0.
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. S. Grewal Khanna Publishers 44th Edition, 2017

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Tata McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, Sixth reprint 2008. ISBN-(13):978-0-07-064824-1.
- 2. C. L. Liu and D P Mohapatra, Elementary Discrete Mathematics, Tata- McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, ISBN:10:0-07-066913-9.
- 3. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, Tata McGraw Hill, 35TH reprint 2008. ISBN 13:978-0-07-463113-3.
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics C. Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett McGraw-Hill 6th Edition 1995
   Higher Engineering Mathematics B. V. Ramana McGraw-Hill 11th Edition, 2010
- 6. A Text-Book of Engineering Mathematics D. P. Bali and Manish Goyal Laxmi Publications 2014
- 7. Advanced Engineering Mathematics Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg Khanna Publishing, 2018

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9AUCdsmBGmA&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=10
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oU60TuGHxe0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=11
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_BIKq9Xo\_5A&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=13
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RMLR2JHHeWo&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=14
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nf9e0\_ylGdc&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=15
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7cTWea9YAJE&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=24
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=695iAm935cY&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=25
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZECJHfsf4Vs&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=26
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dsi7x-A89Mw&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=28
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xlUFkMKSB3Y&list=PL0862D1A947252D20
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0uTE24o3q-o&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=2
- 12. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DmCltf8ypks&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=3
- 13. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jNeISigUCo0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=4
- 14. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- 15. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- 16. http://academicearth.org/
- 17. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME 20

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

### IV Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS				
Course Code	21CS42	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.

CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.

CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.

CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application. CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

**Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)** 

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

# Module-1

**Introduction**: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

**Performance Analysis**: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

**Asymptotic Notations**: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation ( $\Omega$ ), Theta notation ( $\square$ ) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

**Brute force design technique**: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

 Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process1.Problem based Learning.			
	2. Chalk & board, Active Learning.		
	3. Laboratory Demonstration.		
Module-2			

**Divide and Conquer**: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

**Decrease and Conquer Approach**: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

# Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

## Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
	2.	Learning. Laboratory Demonstration.

#### Module-3

**Greedy Method**: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

**Minimum cost spanning trees**: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

**Single source shortest paths**: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

**Optimal Tree problem**: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6( section 6.4)

Laboratory Component:

Write & Execute C++/Java Program

- 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method.
- 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm.
- 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based		
		Learning.	
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.	
Module-4			

**Dynamic Programming**: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs.

# Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm,

Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem.

**Space-Time Tradeoffs**: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)

## Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

## Laboratory Component:

Write C++/ Java programs to

- 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
- 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based				
Learning.					
2. Laboratory Demonstration.					
Module-5					

**Backtracking**: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems.

Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem

**NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems**: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)

Laboratory Component:

Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,..., Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

*Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.* 

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- 3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
- 4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
- 2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

# IV Semester

MICRO	CONTROLLER AND E	MBEDDED SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS43	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100		
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03		
<ul> <li>Course Learning Objectives:</li> <li>CLO 1: Understand the fundamer registers and the CPSR.</li> <li>CLO 2: Use the various instructio</li> <li>CLO 3: Program various embedded</li> <li>CLO 4: Identify various compone applicability.</li> <li>CLO 5: Understand the embedded</li> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (Ge</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, whi outcomes.</li> <li>1. The lecturer method (L) teaching methods may b</li> <li>2. Show video/animation f</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (I thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Lesskills such as the ability it.</li> <li>6. Topics will be introduced</li> <li>7. Show the different ways</li> </ul>	ntals of ARM-based system ns to program the ARM of ed components using the nts, their purpose, and the d system's real-time oper <b>eneral Instructions)</b> ch teachers can use to acc does not mean only the t e adopted to develop the ilms to explain the function (group learning) learning Higher order Thinking) q earning (PBL), which fost to evaluate, generalize, and d in multiple representat to solve the same proble	ms, including programm controller. embedded C program. eir application to the en rating system and its app celerate the attainment craditional lecture metho outcomes. oning of various concep g in the class. uestions in the class, wh ers students' Analytical nd analyze information in ions.	ing modules with nbedded system's olication in IoT. of the various course od, but different types of ts. ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall		
their own creative ways					
8. Discuss how every conce	ept can be applied to the	real world, and when the	at's possible, it helps		
improve the students' ur	nderstanding.				
	Module-1				
Microprocessors versus Microcon ARM Design Philosophy, Embedd ARM Processor Fundamentals: Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 2	led System Hardware, En Registers, Current Progr Core Extensions	nbedded System Softwa ram Status Register, Pipe	re.		
Laboratory Component:					
1. Using Keil software, obs	erve the various registers	s, dump, CPSR, with a sir	nple ALP programme.		
Teaching-Learning Process	9	of registers, memory ac	1 1 0		
	programme mo	• •			
		umerical, and discussion	n, use chalk and a		
whiteboard, as well as a PowerPoint presentation.					
	Module-2	-			
Introduction to the ARM Instru			Instructions Software		
Interrupt Instructions, Program S		-			
meri upi mon actions, ri ogi dilla	natus negister filstructio	113, GOPTOLESSOF HISH UL	dons, hoading constallt		
<b>C Compilers and Optimization</b> :E	asic C Data Types, C Loo	ping Structures, Register	Allocation, Function		

Calls, Pointer Aliasing,

# Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5

# Laboratory Component:

- 2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
- 3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
- 4. Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.
- 5. Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
- 6. Write a program to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.

6. Write a program to find	the largest of smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
	2. Laboratory Demonstration
	Module-3
C Compilers and Optimization :S	tructure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness,
Division, Floating Point, Inline Fu	nctions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.
	<b>mbly language:</b> Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs
Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6	
Laboratory Component:	
1. Write a program to a	arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
	count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory
locations.	
3. Display "Hello World	d" message using Internal UART.
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical
	Module-4
	ts: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded
-	ded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of
embedded systems.	
	cluding all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators,
	per motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface
(onboard and external types), En	nbedded firmware, Other system components.
	as 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)
<i>Laboratory Component:</i> 1. Interface and Control a I	NC Mator
	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
	t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
	erate Triangular and Square waveforms.
-	d and display the key code on an LCD.
-	an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
	to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded
	components using keil.
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion
	Module-5
RTOS and IDE for Embedded Sy	ystem Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems,
-	POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption,
	g, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization

issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 ( block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

	raspberry pi
	2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- $CO \ 1. \ Explain \ C-Compilers \ and \ optimization$
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

# Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

# Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of  $4^{th}$  week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Textbooks

- 1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
- 2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication, 2019
- 2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

#### **IV Semester**

	OPERATING SYS	STEMS	
Course Code:	21CS44	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

#### **Course Objectives:**

CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS

CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources

CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands

CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Introduction to operating systems, System structures:** What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

**Operating System Services:** User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

**Process Management:** Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

# Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Active learning and problem solving
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6f
	EyqRiVhbXDGLXDk 0QAeuVcp20
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-
	wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2
	Module-2

**Multi-threaded Programming:** Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor

scheduling; Thread scheduling.

**Process Synchronization:** Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

### Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive Learning and problem solving			
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo		
Module-3			

**Deadlocks:** Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

**Memory Management:** Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

#### Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PL		
	EJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30		
	Madala A		

Module-4

**Virtual Memory Management:** Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

**File System, Implementation of File System:** File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

#### Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&amp;list=PLI</u>		
	<u>Y8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY		
Module-5			

**Secondary Storage Structures, Protection:** Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

**Case Study: The Linux Operating System:** Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

#### Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4</u>
	2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&amp;list=P</u>
	LEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36
	3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	et)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.

- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)** 

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.

4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk\_OQAeuV\_cp20</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-

tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE\_f

3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mk0</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Role play for process scheduling.
- Present animation for Deadlock.
- Real world examples of memory management concepts

# **IV Semester**

	PYTHON	PROGRAMM	ING LABORATOR	Y
Course Coo	le	21CSL46	CIE Marks	50
Teaching H	Iours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hour	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03
<b>Course Ob</b> CLO 1. De	<b>jectives:</b> emonstrate the use of IDLE or	PvCharm IDE	to create Python Apr	lications
	sing Python programming lan	-		
	plement the Object-Oriented			0
	praise the need for working	0 0	1 V	PDF, Word and Others
-	emonstrate regular expression			
	hours tutorial is suggested			
		Prerequ		
• Stude	ents should be familiarized ab	out Python ins	tallation and setting	Python environment
• Usage	e of IDLE or IDE like PyCharm	should be intr	oduced	
	Python Installation: https://	/www.youtube	.com/watch?v=Kn1H	IF3oD19c
	PyCharm Installation: https:	//www.youtul	pe.com/watch?v=SZU	JNUB6nz3g
Sl. No.	PART A – List of problems	s for which stu	dent should develo	p program and execute in t
	Laboratory			
	_	n fundamentals	s, data types, operato	ors, flow control and exception
	handling in Python			
			best of two test ave	erage marks out of three tes
	marks accepted from			
		-	-	nber is palindrome or not a
	also count the number	r of occurrence	s of each digit in the	input number.
1				
	Datatypes: https://www.y			
	Operators: https://www.y	•	-	
	Flow Control: https://www	•		Hrjw
	For loop: https://www.yo			
	While loop: https://www.y			-
	Exceptions: https://www.	youtube.com/v	vatch?v=6SPDvPK38	tw
	Aim: Demonstrating creat	ion of functions	s, passing parameter	s and return values
	a) Defined as a function	F as $Fn = Fn-2$	l + Fn-2. Write a Py	thon program which accepts
	value for N (where N	>0) as input a	nd pass this value to	the function. Display suitab
	error message if the c	ondition for inj	out value is not follow	ved.
	b) Develop a python pro	ogram to conv	ert binary to decim	al, octal to hexadecimal usi
2	functions.			
	Europhiana hatara (Jamana)			
	Functions: https://www.y			
	Arguments: https://www.			
	Return value: https://www	w.youtube.com	/watcn?v=nuNXiEDr	1M44
	Aim: Demonstration of ma	nipulation of s	trings using string m	ethods
n				
3	a) Write a Python progr	am that accept	s a sentence and fin	d the number of words, digi
	uppercase letters and	lowercase lette	ers.	

	b) Write a Python program to find the stri	ng similarity between two given strings
	Sample Output:	Sample Output:
	Original string:	Original string:
	Python Exercises	Python Exercises
	Python Exercises	Python Exercise
	Similarity between two said strings:	Similarity between two said strings:
	1.0	0.967741935483871
	Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v	=lSItwlnF0eU
	String functions: https://www.youtube.com	
	Aim: Discuss different collections like list, tu	ple and dictionary
	a) Write a python program to implement i	
	b) Write a program to convert roman num	bers in to integer values using dictionaries.
	Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l	2275e6M8tI 4
4	List methods: https://www.youtube.com/w	
	Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v	
	Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com	-
	Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/wate	
	Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.	com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY
	Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition	vith and without using regular expressions
	a) Write a function called isphonenumber	() to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without
		e the code to recognize the same pattern using
	regular expression.	5 1 5
5	b) Develop a python program that could	search the text in a file for phone numbers
	(+919900889977) and email addresses	(sample@gmail.com)
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.	aom /watch?w=I ngEn7fIU S4
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.	com/ watch?v=EnzrnzinL34
	Aim: Demonstration of reading, writing and	organizing files.
	a) Write a python program to accept a file	name from the user and perform the following
	operations	nume in our user und perform the following
	1. Display the first N line of the f	ile
		nce of the word accepted from the user in the
	file	-
6	b) Write a python program to create a ZIP	file of a particular folder which contains several
	files inside it.	
	Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v	uvh7CxZghU
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKe	
	File organization: <u>https://www.youtube.com</u>	n/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses
7	Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of class	as methods objects and inhoritance
7	Ann. Demonstration of the concepts of class	es, methous, objects and miller italite

	<ul> <li>a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle.</li> <li>b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department.</li> <li>OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g</li> <li>Inheritance: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU</li> </ul>
	Aim: Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding
8	a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance.
	Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk
	Aim: Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping
9	<ul><li>a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comics</li><li>b) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet</li></ul>
	Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k
	Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc
	Aim: Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files
	<ul><li>a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFs</li><li>b) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file</li></ul>
	PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls
10	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A
	Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE
	JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I
Python (Fu	ll Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc
	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based
Pedagogy	learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
A 11	PART B – Practical Based Learning
	statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student slop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate
Course Out	
CO 2. Iden CO 3. Disc CO 4. Inte	nonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions. ntify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries. cover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. erpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.

CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

## Textbooks:

- 1. Al Sweigart, **"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python"**,1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
- 2. Reema Thareja **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**" Oxford University Press.
- 3. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist"**, 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

# **IV Semester**

	WEB PROGR (Practical		
Course Code	21CSL481	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives:	01	Examinours	02
CLO 1. Learn Web tool box and hi	istory of web browse	rc	
	-	15.	
CLO 2. Learn HTML, XHTML tags			
CLO 3. Know CSS with dynamic d			
CLO 4. Learn JavaScript with Eler		ript.	
CLO 5. Logically plan and develop			
Teaching-Learning Process (Gen	neral Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which	n teachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a trad	itional lecture method	hut alternative effective
teaching methods could be	-		
_	-		
2. Use of Video/Animation to		•	
3. Encourage collaborative (		-	
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi	gher order Thinking	questions in the class,	which promotes critical
thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Lea	rning (PBL), which fo	sters students' Analyti	cal skills, develop design
thinking skills such as the	ability to design, eva	luate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather
than simply recall it.			
6. Introduce Topics in manif	old representations.		
7. Show the different ways to	-	olem with different circ	uits/logic and encourage
the students to come up w	-	e ways to solve them	, 8 8
the students to come up w	vith their own creativ	•	
8. Discuss how every concep	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to th	•	
-	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to th lerstanding.	e real world - and whe	
8. Discuss how every concep improve the students' und	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to th lerstanding. <b>Modul</b> e	e real world - and whe	n that's possible, it helps
8. Discuss how every concepting improve the students' und Introduction to WEB Programm	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to the derstanding. <b>Modul</b> <b>ning:</b> Internet, WWV	e real world - and whe	n that's possible, it helps
8. Discuss how every concep improve the students' und	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to the derstanding. <b>Modul</b> <b>ning:</b> Internet, WWV	e real world - and whe	n that's possible, it helps
8. Discuss how every conceptimprove the students' und	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to the derstanding. Module ning: Internet, WWV mers Toolbox.	e real world - and whe	n that's possible, it helps
<ol> <li>Discuss how every concepting improve the students' und</li> <li>Introduction to WEB Programm</li> <li>HTTP, Security, The Web Program</li> </ol>	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to the derstanding. <b>Module</b> <b>ning:</b> Internet, WWV mers Toolbox. <b>D</b> Chalk and board, A	e real world - and whe e-1 V, Web Browsers, and ctive Learning, practica	n that's possible, it helps Web Servers, URLs, MIME
<ol> <li>Discuss how every concepting improve the students' und</li> <li>Introduction to WEB Programm</li> <li>HTTP, Security, The Web Program</li> <li>Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9</li> </ol>	vith their own creativ ot can be applied to the derstanding. <b>Module</b> <b>ning:</b> Internet, WWV mers Toolbox.	e real world - and whe e-1 V, Web Browsers, and ctive Learning, practica	n that's possible, it helps Web Servers, URLs, MIME
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<ol> <li>Discuss how every conceptimprove the students' und</li> <li>Introduction to WEB Programm</li> <li>HTTP, Security, The Web Program</li> <li>Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9)</li> <li>Teaching-Learning Process</li> <li>HTML and XHTML: Origins of H' Basic text markup,</li> <li>Forms, Frames in HTML and XHTM</li> <li>Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.1)</li> <li>Teaching-Learning Process</li> <li>CSS: Introduction, Levels of style s</li> <li>Font properties, List properties, Co</li> <li>Textbook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.1)</li> </ol>	vith their own creative of can be applied to the derstanding. Module ning: Internet, WWV mers Toolbox. () Chalk and board, Action TML and XHTML, Ba Images, AL, Syntactic differen () Chalk and board, A problem solving Module sheets, Style specifica olor, Alignment of tex (2) Chalk and board, I Module	e real world - and whe e-1 V, Web Browsers, and ctive Learning, practica e-2 sic syntax, Standard X Hypertext Links ces between HTML and ctive Learning, Demons e-3 tion formats, Selector f t, Background images, Demonstration, problem e-4	n that's possible, it helps Web Servers, URLs, MIME I based learning HTML document structure , Lists, Tables XHTML. stration, presentation, forms, Property value forms tags.

Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input.

# Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)

	1
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

#### Module-5

**Java Script – II:** Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript.

# Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

# Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

# *NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above* CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

## Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
- 2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
- 3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
- 4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM</u>
- 2. HTML and XHTML: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg</u>
- 3. CSS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE</u>
- 4. Java Script and HTML Documents: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0</u>
- 5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc</u>

# Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>http://www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- 2. http://www.w3schools.com
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
  - Demonstration of simple projects

#### **IV Semester**

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING						
Course Code <b>21CS482</b> CIE Marks 50						
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) 1:0:0:0 SEE Marks 50						
Total Hours of Pedagogy 12 Total Marks 100						
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01			

#### **Course Objectives:**

CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.

CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.

CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.

CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.

CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.

#### **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

# Module-1

**Introduction of UNIX** - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

#### Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4), Chapter 2-2.1

Teaching-Learning Process	<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b> Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning			
	Module-2			
<b>UNIX File System-</b> The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.				
Textbook 1: Chapter 4				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,			
problem solving				
Module-3				
<b>Basic File Attributes - Is</b> – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.				
Textbook 1: Chapter 6				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving			
Module-4				
Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line				

Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

## Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

**Introduction to UNIX System process**: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

# Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

# Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

# Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

**Theory SEE** will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

# Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

#### References:

- 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
- 3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo</u>

### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

# **IV Semester**

	R PROGRA					
	(Practical					
Course Code	21CSL483	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<u>12T + 12P</u>	Total Marks	100			
Credits 01 Exam Hours 02						
<b>Course Objectives:</b> CLO 1. Explore and understand ho CLO 2. To learn and practice progr	amming techniques	s using R programming				
CLO 3. Read Structured Data into F CLO 4. Understand the different da						
CLO 5. To develop small applicatio	ns using R Program	ming				
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (Gene</b>	ral Instructions)					
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the students to come up wit	-					
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improve the students' unde			in that's possible, it helps			
	Module	4				
Numeric, Arithmetic, Assignmen Vectors, Expressions and assignmen Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7)	t, and Vectors: R	for Basic Math, Arith	metic, Variables, Function			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	Active Learning, praction	cal based learning			
	Modul					
Matrices and Arrays: Defining a			Conditions and Looping			
statements, looping with for, looping			onutions and Looping.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapter						
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Demo	onstration, presentation,			
	problem solving					
	Modul	e-3				
Lists and Data Frames: Data Frame	es, <b>Lists,</b> Special val	ues, The apply facmily.				
Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4						
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Demonstration, proble	em solving			
	Modul	-				
<b>Functions:</b> Calling functions, scopi Arguments, specialized function.	ng, Arguments ma	tching, writing functio	ns: The function command			

Textbook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6

O         Module-5           Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code.           Textbook 1: Chapter 8-8.1 to 8.8           Teaching-Learning Process           Chalk and board, MOOC           COurse Outcomes (Course Skill Set):           Art the end of the course the student will be able to:           CO 1. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,           CO 2. To demonstrations, and writing R code.           CO 3. To apply critical programming language concepts such as data types, iteration,           CO 4. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,           CO 5. To import a variety of data formats into R using R-Studio           CO 6. To prepare or tidy data for in preparation for analyze.           Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)           The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course.           The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).           Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):           NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above           CIE marks for the evaluation of the journal/write-up forhardware/software experiments desi	Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's			
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• (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script					
	• (Rubrics) Breakup of marks to be strictly adhered to by	and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script ty the examiners. <b>OR</b> based on the course requirement evaluation			
<ul><li>rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.</li><li>Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal</li></ul>					

/external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

### Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

#### **References:**

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley, 2015

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

## **V** Semester

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN						
Course Code 21CS51 CIE Marks 50						
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)3:0:0:0SEE Marks50						
Total Hours of Pedagogy40Total Marks100						
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03						

### **Course Learning Objectives**

- CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
- CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
- CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
- CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
- CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.

## Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Introduction to Automata Theory:** Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

# Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4 Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
	Module-2

**Regular Expressions and Languages:** Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

**Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design:** Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.

Textbook 1: Chapter3 - 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1

Textbo	ok 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4			
Teachi	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration		
	Module-3			
Contex	Context Free Grammars: Definition and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees,			
Ambigu	ity and Elimination of Ambig	guity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring.		
Syntax	Analysis Phase of Compile	rs: part-1: Role of Parser, Top-Down Parsing		
	ok 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5 ok 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4			
	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Teachi	ing Lean ining i Totess	Module-4		
Puch D	own Automata: Definition o	f the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA.		
I USII D	own Automata. Demition o	i the Languages of a LDA.		
Svntax	Analysis Phase of Compile	rs: Part-2: Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More		
-	ul LR parsers			
Textbo	ok1: Chapter 6 - 6.1, 6.2			
	ok2: Chapter 4 - 4.5, 4.6, 4			
Teachi	ng-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning		
		Module-5		
Introdu	iction to Turing Machine	e: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine,		
probler	ns, Programming Techniques	s for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine		
Undeci	dability : A language That Is	Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE.		
Other Phases of Compilers: Syntax Directed Translation- Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation				
Orders	Orders for SDD's. Intermediate-Code Generation- Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code.			
Codo C	<b>Code Generation</b> - Issues in the Design of a Code Generator			
<b>Code Generation</b> -Issues in the Design of a Code Generator				
Textho	ok1· Chanter 8 - 8 1 8 2 8	3 8 4 Chanter 9 - 9 1 9 2		
	Textbook1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 8.2,8.3,8.4 Chapter 9 – 9.1,9.2 Textbook2: Chapter 5 – 5.1, 5.2, Chapter 6- 6.1,6.2 Chapter 8- 8.1			
	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
	se Outcomes			
	e end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:		
	CO 1. Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of			
	Construction			
CO 2	CO 2. Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators			
		mata (recognizers) for different language classes and become		
	knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative			
	powers.			
CO 4	•	standing of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata		
	theory and Theory of Computation to design Compilers			
CO 5				
	CO 5. Design computations models for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in the field of compilers			
	the new of complicits			
Accest	mant Dataila (heth CID and	(PE)		
	ment Details (both CIE and			
The we	igntage of Continuous Interr	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 1. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

1. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Perason.

# **Reference:**

- 1. Elain Rich, "Automata, Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran, 3rd Edition, 'Theory of Computer Science", PHI, 2012.
- 3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998.
- 4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
- 3. https://www.jflap.org/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

V Semester

COMPUTER NETWORKS					
Course Code: 21CS52 CIE Marks 50					
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy40T + 20PTotal Marks100					
Credits 04 Exam Hours 03					

## **Course Objectives:**

CLO 1. Fundamentals of data communication networks.

CLO 2. Software and hardware interfaces

CLO 3. Application of various physical components and protocols

CLO 4. Communication challenges and remedies in the networks.

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

Introduction to networks: Network hardware, Network software, Reference models,

Physical Layer: Guided transmission media, Wireless transmission

## Textbook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to 2.3

## Laboratory Component:

**1.** Implement Three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them for different topologies. 1Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth, and find the number of packets dropped for various iterations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-2

**The Data link layer:** Design issues of DLL, Error detection and correction, Elementary data link protocols, Sliding window protocols.

The medium access control sublayer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols.

# Textbook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 and 4.2

## Laboratory Component:

- 1. Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the throughput with respect to transmission of packets
- 2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
	Module-3			
The Network Layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.				
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4				
Laboratory Component:				
	f ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6			
	of packets dropped due to congestion in the network. shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration Module-4			
internet transport Layer: The Transp	ort Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The			
internet transport protocols.				
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.5.	1 to 6.5.7			
Laboratory Component:				
	N using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion			
window for different source				
2. Write a program for conges Teaching-Learning Process	tion control using leaky bucket algorithm. Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
Teaching Leanning Trocess	Module-5			
Application Laver: Principles of	Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the			
Internet, DNS—The Internet's Direc				
Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	-			
At the end of the course the student				
CO 1. Learn the basic needs of con				
CO 2. Interpret the communication challenges and its solution. CO 3. Identify and organize the communication system network components				
CO 4. Design communication networks for user requirements.				
Assessment Details (both CIE and				
-	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
The minimum passing mark for the	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together			
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b>				
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b>	(duration 01 hour)			
1. First test at the end of $5^{\text{th}}$ w				
2. Second test at the end of the				
3. Third test at the end of the				
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>				
_	of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
5. Second assignment at the e	nd of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
Practical Sessions need to be assess	ed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute			
to <b>20 marks</b> .				
Note: Minimum of 80% of the labora	tory components have to be covered.			

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
- 2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html
- 2. <u>http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html</u>
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
- 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

**Note**: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

# **V** Semester

	DATA	<b>BASE MANAC</b>	GEMENT SYSTEMS		
Course Cod	е	21CS53	CIE Marks	50	
Feaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100	
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1	I. Provide a strong foundat	tion in database	concepts, technology, an	nd practice.	
CLO 2	2. Practice SQL programmi	ng through a va	riety of database proble	ms.	
	3. Demonstrate the use of c	-		e	
	<ol> <li>Design and build databas</li> </ol>		-		
Teaching-L	earning Process (Genera	l Instructions)			
	ample Strategies, which tea	ichers can use to	o accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course	
outcomes.					
1.	Lecturer method (L) need				
	effective teaching method	-			
2.	Use of Video/Animation t	•	0	ts.	
3.	Encourage collaborative (				
4.	Ask at least three HOT (H	igher order Thii	nking) questions in the c	class, which promotes	
	critical thinking.				
5.	Adopt Problem Based Lea				
	design thinking skills suc		o design, evaluate, gener	ralize, and analyze	
	information rather than simply recall it.				
6.	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
7.	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and				
	encourage the students to	-	-		
8.					
	helps improve the studen	ts' understandi	ng.		
		Modu	le-1		
Introductio	on to Databases: Introduct	tion, Characteris	stics of database approa	ch, Advantages of using the	
DBMS appro	oach, History of database a	pplications.			
	of Database Languages an	d Architecture	<b>s:</b> Data Models, Schema	s, and Instances. Three	
schema					
	e and data independence, d	atabase languag	ges, and interfaces, The I	Database System	
environmer	it.				
Concentual	l Data Modelling using En	tition and Dolo	tionching. Entity types	Entity gota attributog	
-	tructural constraints, Weak			Entity sets, attributes,	
i oles, allu si	li uctul al constitantis, wear	centry types, El	K ulagi allis, Examples		
Toythook	1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2	0621to27			
			d Activo Loorning Drob	lom bacad loarning	
reaching-L	earning Process		d, Active Learning, Probl	lem based learning	
	<b>NG. J. I</b> . D. L. M. J.	Modu		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Model: Relational Model	-			
scnemas, Uj	odate operations, transactions	ons, and dealing	, with constraint violatio	IIIS.	
Dolational	Algohra, Unawy and Dimen	u rolational and	rational additional valat	ional anomationa (aggregat	
	Algebra: Unary and Binar			ional operations (aggregat	
grouping, et	tc.) Examples of Queries in	relational algeb	ra.		
			. Delational Database D		

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational

mapping.

# Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

	Teaching-Learning Process()	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
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Module-3

**SQL:** SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

**Advances Queries:** More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database

**Application Development:** Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop.

## Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-4		

**Normalization: Database Design Theory** – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

**Normalization Algorithms:** Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

## Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	

Module-5

**Transaction Processing:** Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

**Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

# Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.
- CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation**:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

## **Reference Books:**

## NIL

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad\_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

**Demonstration of real time Database projects -** E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

	PRINC	IPLES OF ARTIF	ICIAL INTELLIGENCE		
Course Code		21AI54	CIE Marks	50	
	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of		40	Total Marks	100	
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03	
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. <b>Teaching-Lea</b> These are sam outcomes. 1. Lectu	Get to know approaches arning Process (Gener aple Strategies, which te	asic principles of A s of inference, perc al Instructions) acher can use to a t mean only traditi	I toward problem solving eption, Uncertain Knowl ccelerate the attainment onal lecture method, but	edge and Reasoning	
		-			
		•	ning of various concepts.		
4. Ask a think	4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.				
skills	<ol> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.</li> </ol>				
-			lem and encourage the s	tudente to como un with	
	•	-	iem and encourage the s	tudents to come up with	
	own creative ways to so				
			e real world - and when	that's possible, it helps	
impro	ove the students' unders	-			
		Modu	le-1		
structure of ag Text book 1:		3 Chapter 2- 2.1,		nature of environment, The	
1100035		Modu	lo-7		
Strategies: Bro	eadth First search, Dept	gents, Example pro h First Search, Iter		utions Uninformed Search rst search;	
	Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.				
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, Demo	nstration		
Learning					
Process					
		Modu	le-3		
Informed Search Strategies: Heuristic functions, Greedy best first search, A*search. Heuristic Functions Logical Agents: Knowledge–based agents, The Wumpus world, Logic, Propositional logic, Reasoning patterns in Propositional Logic					
Text hook 1.	Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2 Cł	nanter 7-7172	7.3.7.4.75		
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Prob				
Learning			0,		
B					

Process	
	Module-4
First Order La logic.	ogic: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order
	First Order Logic :Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining, ining, Resolution
Text book 1:	Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
Probability No World Revisite	
	Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning.
Learning	
Process	
Course Outco	mes he course the student will be able to:
	he course the student will be able to: knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different
	cations.
	se Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
	op knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic
	nstrating agents, searching and inferencing
	ate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning. Details (both CIE and SEE)
Assessment	Jetans (both Cle and See)
The weightage	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
•	sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to
	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the
	es not less than $35\%$ (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a
	0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
(Semester End	Examination) taken together
Continuous I	nternal Evaluation:
Three Unit Te	sts each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )
1. First t	test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
Two assignme	nts each of <b>10 Marks</b>
4. First a	assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	d assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	ion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b>
-	<b>hours</b> ) <b>OR</b> Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given to
the students to	o submit the same as laboratory work( for example; Implementation of concept learning,
implementatio	on of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc)
6. At the	end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and

### will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## **Text Books**

1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig , Artificial Intelligence, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson,2015 **Reference:** 

- 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013
- 2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
- 2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies – DFS & BFS, Reasoning and Uncertainty problems - reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule , A teacher does not know exactly what a student understand etc.

# V Semester

D	ATABASE MANAGEMENT	SYSTEMS LAI	BORATORY WITH MI	INI PROJECT		
Course Cod		21CSL55	CIE Marks	50		
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
	otal Hours of Pedagogy 24 Total Marks 100					
Credits						
<b>Course Lear</b>	Course Learning Objectives:					
CLO 1. Fou	CLO 1. Foundation knowledge in database concepts, technology and practice to groom students into					
well-informed database application developers.						
CLO 2. Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.						
CLO 2. Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems. CLO 3. Develop database applications using front-end tools and back-end DBMS						
Sl. No.			ing (Max. Exam Marks			
Si Noi		. og 2 i i og i uning				
	Design, develop, and impler Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Serv Create Schema and insert at constraints.	ver, or any other I	DBMS under LINUX/Wir	ndows environment.		
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation	of tables, applying	g the view concepts on th	e tables.		
	0	- 11 - 6	- 1 ·			
	ProgramConsider the following schema for a Library Database: BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year) BOOK_AUTHORS(Book_id, Author_Name) PUBLISHER(Name, Address, Phone) BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Programme_id, No-of_Copies)					
	BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, Programme_id, Card_No, Date_Out, Due_Date)					
	LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(Programme_id, Programme_Name, Address)					
	Write SQL queries to					
	1. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each Programme, etc.					
	2. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but					
	from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this					
	data manipulation operation. 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working					
	with a simple query.					
	5. Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.					
	Reference:					
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AaSU-AOguls					
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-EwEvJxS-Fw						
2 Aim: Discuss the various concepts on constraints and update operations.						
	Program: Consider the following schema for Order Database: SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Name, City, Commission) CUSTOMER(Customer_id, Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id)					
	ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase			id)		
	Write SQL queries to		,			
	Count the customers with gra			austomor		
	<ol> <li>Find the name and numl</li> <li>List all the salesman and</li> </ol>					
	(Use UNION operation.)	i multate those WI	io nave and don t nave th			
	4. Create a view that finds	the salesman who	has the customer with th	ie highest order of a dav.		
	5. Demonstrate the DELET					
	also be deleted.		-			
	Reference:					
	https://www.youtube.com	<u>n/watch?v=AA-KL</u>	<u>1jbMeY</u>			

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations.
5	
	Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database:
	ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)
	DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)
	MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)
	MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)
	RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.
	2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.
	3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN
	operation).
	4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find
	the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by
	movie title.
	5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKJAo
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table.
	Program: Consider the schema for College Database:
	STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)
	SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)
	CLASS(USN, SSID)
	COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)
	IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.
	2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each
	section.
	3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses.
	4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table
	for all students.
	5. Categorize students based on the following criterion:
	If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'
	If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average'
	If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak'
	Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also
5	
	EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords.
	Program: Consider the schema for Company Database:
	EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)
	DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)
	DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)
	PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)
	WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)
	Write SQL queries to
	Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott'
	either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percer
raise.
Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as th maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department
number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).
For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number an
the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000.
Reference:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts
PedagogyFor the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
PART B
Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more
tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.
ourse Outcomes:
t the end of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.

CO 3. Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

## Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

## Textbooks:

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

## Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

	ANGULAR JS A		
	(Practical		50
Course Code:	21CSL581	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
<b>Course Objectives:</b> The stude			
CLO 1. To learn the basics of A	-		
CLO 2. To understand the Ang			
CLO 3. To implement Forms,	-		
CLO 4. To implement Directiv			
CLO 5. To understand basics	of Node JS.		
Teaching-Learning Process (	General Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, w outcomes.	hich teachers can use to	accelerate the attainmen	t of the various course
1. Lecturer method (L) n	eed not to be only a trad	litional lecture method, bi	ut alternative effective
	d be adopted to attain th		
6	on to explain functioning		
,	ve (Group Learning) Lea	· ·	
-		) questions in the class, w	which promotes critical
thinking.	(inglief of der Thinking	j questions in the class, w	men promotes er titear
5. Adopt Problem Based	Learning (PBL), which f	osters students' Analytica	l skills, develop design
thinking skills such as	the ability to design, eva	luate, generalize, and ana	alyze information rather
than simply recall it.	,		<b>y</b>
	anifold representations.		
-	-	blem with different logic	and an courage the
	· ·	-	and encourage the
-	rith their own creative w	•	
		he real world - and when	that's possible, it helps
improve the students'	×		
	Modul		
<b>Introduction To Angular JS</b> : Directives and Controllers.	Introduction – Features	– Angular JSModel-View	-Controller – Expression -
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-2			
Angular JS Modules: Arrays -	-Working with ng-mode	l – Working with Forms	– Form Validation – Error
Handling with Forms – Nested	Forms with ng-form - 0	ther Form Controls.	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-3			
Directives& Building Databa	ses:		
Part I- Filters - Using Filters	in Controllers and Ser	vices – Angular JS Servi	ces – Internal Angular JS
Services – Custom Angular JS S	ervices		
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-4			
Directives& Building Databases:			
Part-II- Directives – Alternatives to Custom Directives – Understanding the Basic options – Interacting			
with Server –HTTP Services –	Building Database, Front	End and BackEnd	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>		tive Learning, practical ba	ased learning
Module-5			-
Introduction to NODE .JS:	ntroduction -Using the	Terminals – Editors –B	uilding a Webserver with
Node – The HTTPModule – Vie			-

## **Teaching-Learning Process**Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

## Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

## NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

## Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Adam Freeman ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green "AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014. **Reference Books** 
  - 1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
  - 2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to Angular JS : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE</u>
- 2. Angular JS Modules : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWm0KmgnQkU</u>
- 3. Directives& Building Databases: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R\_okHflzgm0</u>
- 4. Introduction to NODE .JS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

	C# AND .NE	T FRAMEWORK	
Course Code:	21CS582	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives:			<b>I</b>
CLO 1. Understand the bas			
CLO 2. Learn the variables			
CLO 3. Know the object-or			
CLO 4. Learn the basic stru			
CLO 5. Learn to create a sin Teaching-Learning Proces			
	-		
These are sample Strategies outcomes.	, which teachers can us	se to accelerate the attainme	nt of the various course
-	) need not to be only a ould be adopted to atta	traditional lecture method, l ain the outcomes.	out alternative effective
•	-	ning of various concepts.	
-	ative (Group Learning)	-	
<ol> <li>Ask at least three H thinking.</li> </ol>	OT (Higher order Thin	king) questions in the class,	which promotes critical
5. Adopt Problem Bas	ed Learning (PBL), whi	ich fosters students' Analytic	al skills, develop design:
_		, evaluate, generalize, and ar	alyze information rather
than simply recall it			
_	manifold representation		
		problem with different circu	its/logic and encourage
the students to com	e up with their own cr	eative ways to solve them.	
8. Discuss how every of	concept can be applied	to the real world - and when	ı that's possible, it helps
improve the studen			
		odule-1	
Introduction to C#			
Part-I: Understanding C#,	.NET, overview of	C#, Variables, Data Types	s, Operators, Expressions
Branching, Looping, Method	s, implicit and explicit	casting.	
Teaching-Learning Proces	<b>s</b> Active learning		
	Mo	odule-2	
Part-II: Constants, Arrays,	Array Class, Array List,	String, String Builder, Struc	ture, Enumerations, boxing
and unboxing.			
Teaching-Learning Proces			
		odule-3	
<b>Object Oriented Concepts</b> - Class, Objects, Constructo polymorphism.		heritance, properties, ind	exers, index overloading
Teaching-Learning Proces	<b>s</b> Active learning		
		odule-4	
<b>Object Oriented Concepts</b> -		Juule-4	
object of fented concepts-	11.		

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Module-5

## Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:

Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

#### **Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

**Theory SEE** will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 2. Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.

## **Reference Books**

1. Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.

## 2. Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010. Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to C# : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90</u>
- 2. Object Oriented Concepts : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0</u>
- 3. .NET FRAMEWORK : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE</u>

## Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

			IG & PROJECT MANA	
Course Cod		21CS61	CIE Marks	50
<u> </u>	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 2	<ol> <li>Arning Objectives</li> <li>Outline software engineer programs. Identify ethication Software Engineers.</li> <li>Describe the process of r specification and require</li> <li>Infer the fundamentals o</li> </ol>	ll and professio equirement gat ments validatio	nal issues and explain w hering, requirement clas m.	hy they are of concern to ssification, requirement
CLO 4 CLO 5 CLO 6 CLO 7	<ul> <li>diagrams and apply designation</li> <li>4. Explain the role of DevOp</li> <li>5. Discuss various types of</li> <li>6. Recognize the importanc</li> <li>7. Identify software quality</li> <li>metrics. List software qu</li> </ul>	gn patterns. os in Agile Impl software testing e Project Mana parameters an ality standards	ementation. g practices and software gement with its methods d quantify software usin and outline the practices	evolution processes. and methodologies. g measurements and
Гeaching-I	earning Process (Genera	l Instructions)		
outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative ( Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen	s could be adop o explain functi Group Learning igher order This arning (PBL), wh n as the ability t imply recall it. Fold representat o solve the sam o come up with ot can be applie ts' understandi	oted to attain the outcom oning of various concept g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener cions. e problem with different their own creative ways d to the real world - and ng.	tes. cs. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze c circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modu		
engineering Models, Pro	on: The evolving role of g, A Process Framework, Process Technology, Product a l: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3	rocess Patterns		
Process M	odels: Prescriptive mode dels, Specialized process m		nodel, Incremental pro	ocess models, Evolutional

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

**Requirements Engineering**: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)** 

## Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

Teaching-Learning Process         Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-2
<b>Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling:</b> What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling, abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept, Link and associations concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, Navigation of class models, Introduction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams
Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3
<b>Building the Analysis Models</b> : Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling Concepts, Object Oriented Analysis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.
Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8
Teaching-Learning Process         Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-3
<b>Software Testing</b> : A Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Test Strategies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, The Art of Debugging.
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to 13.7
Agile Methodology & DevOps: Before Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,
What is DevOps?, DevOps Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C's of DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?, Challenges with DevOps Implementation. Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9
Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-4
Introduction to Project Management:
Introduction, Project and Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered by Software Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.
Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.17
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Module-5
Activity Planning: Objectives of Activity Planning, When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks.
Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.16
<b>Software Quality:</b> Introduction, The place of software quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software quality models, ISO 9126, quality management systems, process capability models, techniques to enhance software quality, quality plans.

## Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

## Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{\rm th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of  $4^{th}$  week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2018.

- 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
- 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. **Reference:**

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

- Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
  - 1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_cs68/preview</u>
  - 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR\_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFlI</u>
  - 3. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php</u>
  - 4. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html
  - 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

DATA	A SCIENCE AND ITS	S APPLICATIONS	
Course Code	21AD62	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1.Demonstrate the profici interpret the data findi CLO 2.Utilize the CLO 3. skills in data manageme CLO 4.Make use of machine lea CLO 5. Experiment with decisie CLO 6. Demonstrate how socia Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does n teaching methods may be ac 2. Show Video/animation film	ngs visually ent by obtaining, clean urning models to solve on trees, neural netw l clustering shape ind <b>ral Instructions)</b> ceacher can use to acc ot mean only traditio dopted to develop the s to explain functioni	ning and transforming th e the business-related ch ork layers and data parti lividuals and groups in co celerate the attainment o nal lecture method, but c e outcomes. ng of various concepts.	e data. allenges tion. ontemporary society. f the various course
<ol> <li>Encourage collaborative (Gi</li> <li>Ask at least three HOTS (High thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learn skills such as the ability to exit.</li> <li>Topics will be introduced in 7. Show the different ways to a state of the state of</li></ol>	gher order Thinking) hing (PBL), which fost valuate, generalize, a a multiple represent	questions in the class, w ters students' Analytical and analyze information r	skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall
<ul> <li>8. Discuss how every concept improve the students' under</li> </ul>	solve them. can be applied to the	-	_
Module-1: Introduction	i stantanigi		
What is Data Science? Visualizit Algebra, Vectors, Matrices, Statist Some Other Correlational Cavea Independence, Conditional Probabi The Normal Distribution, The Centra Chapters 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6	i <b>cs,</b> Describing a Sin ats, Correlation an lity, Bayes's Theorer	gle Set of Data, Correlat d Causation, <b>Probabi</b>	ion, Simpson's Paradox, <b>lity,</b> Dependence and
Laboratory Component:			
<ol> <li>Installation of Python/R lan Kaggle data set usage.</li> </ol>			_
<ol> <li>Write programs in Python Community Edition or any of</li> <li>A study was conducted to u on their performance in th</li> </ol>	other suitable enviror inderstand the effect	nment. of number of hours the	students spent studying

on their performance in the final exams. Write a code to plot line chart with number of hours spent studying on x-axis and score in final exam on y-axis. Use a red '\*' as the point character, label the axes and give the plot a title.

	Number of hrs spent studying	10	9	2	15	10	16	11	16	
	(x) Score in the final exam (0 - 100) (y)	95	80	10	50	45	98	38	93	
	For the giv check the f								a histogra	m to
Teachin Learnin Process	g	2. PPT I		on for Th	eorems an		distributio vith simple			
Models, Scraping Using Na Dimensio	Minibatch the Web, U	and Stoo Jsing APIs s, Datacla luction.	chastic Gr 5, Example	adient D : Using th	escent, <b>Ge</b> le Twitter I	etting Dat APIs, Wor	t <b>a,</b> stdin a <b>king with</b>	nd stdout <b>Data,</b> Expl	nt Descent t ;, Reading 1 oring Your 1 An Aside: t	Files, Data,
1. • • •	about book Import the Find and di Change the	the ww.kaggl cs. Write a data into rop the co Index of lds in the	program a DataFra lumns wh the DataFi data such	to demon me ich are ir rame as date of	hidayo/pul Istrate the relevant fo f publicatic	olication-c following. r the book on with the	informatio	vhich conta on.	rom Ka ains informa ar expressio	
Teachin Learnin Process	g	<ol> <li>PPT I</li> <li>Live of</li> </ol>	Presentation coding of c	on to expl concepts v	hesis test. lore and m with simpl f data from	e example	S			
Modeling Tradeoff The Curs	, Feature E se of Dimer	Machine xtraction sionality,	Learning and Selec Naive Ba	tion, <b>k-N</b> o <b>yes,</b> A Re	earest Nei ally Dumb	<b>ghbors,</b> T Spam Filt	'he Model, er, A More	Example: ' Sophistica	e Bias-Vari The Iris Dat ated Spam F he Model, U	taset, 'ilter,

Gradient Descent, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, **Multiple Regression**, The Model, Further Assumptions of the Least Squares Model, Fitting the Model, Interpreting the Model, Goodness of Fit, Digression: The Bootstrap, Standard Errors of Regression Coefficients, Regularization, **Logistic Regression**, The Problem, The Logistic Function, Applying the Model, Goodness of Fit, Support Vector Machines.

## Chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16

#### Laboratory Component:

- 1. Train a regularized logistic regression classifier on the iris dataset (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/ or the inbuilt iris dataset) using sklearn. Train the model with the following hyperparameter C = 1e4 and report the best classification accuracy.
- 2. Train an SVM classifier on the iris dataset using sklearn. Try different kernels and the associated hyperparameters. Train model with the following set of hyperparameters RBF-kernel, gamma=0.5, one-vs-rest classifier, no-feature-normalization. Also try C=0.01,1,10C=0.01,1,10. For the above set of hyperparameters, find the best classification accuracy along with total number of support vectors on the test data

Teaching-	1.	Demonstration of Models
Learning	2.	PPT Presentation for techniques
Process	3.	Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

## Module-4: Decision Trees

What Is a Decision Tree?, Entropy, The Entropy of a Partition, Creating a Decision Tree, Putting It All Together, Random Forests, **Neural Networks**, Perceptrons, Feed-Forward Neural Networks, Backpropagation, Example: Fizz Buzz, **Deep Learning**, The Tensor, The Layer Abstraction, The Linear Layer, Neural Networks as a Sequence of Layers, Loss and Optimization, Example: XOR Revisited, Other Activation Functions, Example: Fizz Buzz Revisited, Softmaxes and Cross-Entropy, Dropout, Example: MNIST, Saving and Loading Models, **Clustering**, The Idea, The Model, Example: Meetups, Choosing k, Example: Clustering Colors, Bottom-Up Hierarchical Clustering **Chapters 17, 18, 19 and 20** 

## Laboratory Component:

1. Consider the following dataset. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm.

Price	Maintenance	Capacity	Airbag	Profitable
Low	Low	2	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Low	Low	4	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	No	No
Low	High	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Med	High	2	Yes	No
Med	High	5	No	Yes
High	Med	4	Yes	Yes
high	Med	2	Yes	Yes
High	High	2	Yes	No
high	High	5	yes	Yes

2. Consider the dataset spiral.txt (https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly). The first two columns in the dataset corresponds to the co-ordinates of each data point. The third column corresponds to the actual cluster label. Compute the rand index for the following methods:

	eans unistering
	eans Clustering e – link Hierarchical Clustering
-	lete link hierarchical clustering.
-	visualize the dataset and which algorithm will be able to recover the true clusters.
Teaching-	1. Demonstration using Python/ R Language
Learning	2. PPT Presentation for decision tree, Neural Network, Deep learning and clustering
Process	3. Live coding for the concepts with simple examples
	4. Project Work: Algorithm implementation
Module-5: Na	tural Language Processing
Word Clouds,	n-Gram Language Models, Grammars, An Aside: Gibbs Sampling, Topic Modeling, Word
Vectors, Recu	rrent Neural Networks, Example: Using a Character-Level RNN, Network Analysis,
	Centrality, Eigenvector Centrality, Directed Graphs and PageRank, Recommender Systems,
	tion, Recommending What's Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based
Collaborative	Filtering, Matrix Factorization.
Chapters 21,	22 and 23
Laboratory C	omponent:
	Project – Simple web scrapping in social media
Teaching-	1. Demonstration of models
Learning	2. PPT Presentation for network analysis and Recommender systems
Process	3. Live coding with simple examples
Course outco	me (Course Skill Set)
course outeo	ine (Course skin set)
	he course the student will be able to:
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:
At the end of t CO 1. Ident	
At the end of t CO 1. Ident	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools.
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data.	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools.
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz CO 4. Demo	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models.
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz CO 4. Demo CO 5. Expen	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models. onstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering.
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz CO 4. Demo CO 5. Expen devel	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models. Instrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering. riment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz CO 4. Demo CO 5. Expen devel Assessment I	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models. onstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering. riment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to op data driven applications. Details (both CIE and SEE)
At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz CO 4. Demo CO 5. Expen devel Assessment I	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models. onstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering. riment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to op data driven applications. Details (both CIE and SEE) e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
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At the end of t CO 1. Ident CO 2. Make data. CO 3. Utiliz CO 4. Dent CO 5. Expen devel Assessment I The weightag The minimum deemed to ha course if the	he course the student will be able to: ify and demonstrate data using visualization tools. use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models. onstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering. riment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to op data driven applications. <b>Details (both CIE and SEE)</b> e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. a passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be two satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
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Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

*Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.* 

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## **Text Books**

1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch", 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-9352138326

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Emily Robinson and Jacqueline Nolis, "Build a Career in Data Science", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Manning Publications, 2020. ISBN: 978-1617296246.
- AurélienGéron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-1492032649.
- François Chollet, "Deep Learning with Python", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1617294433
- Jeremy Howard and Sylvain Gugger, "Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2020. ISBN-13: 978-1492045526
- Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow 2", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Packt Publishing Limited, 2019.ISBN-13: 978-1789955750

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Using Python : https://www.python.org
- 2. R Programming : https://www.r-project.org/
- 3. Python for Natural Language Processing : https://www.nltk.org/book/
- 4. Data set: <u>https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly</u>
- 5. Data set: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html

- 6. Data set : www.kaggle.com/ruiromanini/mtcars
- 7. Pycharm : <u>https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/</u>
- 8. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106179/</u>
- 9. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106212/
- 10. http://nlp-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - Applying the machine learning techniques and developing models

		MACHINE L	EARNING	
Course Code		21AI63	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. Defin CLO 2. Differ CLO 3. Unde CLO 4. Unde <u>CLO 5. Perfo</u> <b>Teaching-Lea</b> These are sam outcomes. 1. I 2. U 3. F 4. <i>A</i> 5. <i>A</i> t 5. <i>A</i> t 5. <i>A</i> 5. <i>A</i> 5. <i>A</i>	eaching methods could be Jse of Video/Animation to Encourage collaborative (G Ask at least three HOT (High hinking. Adopt Problem Based Lean hinking skills such as the han simply recall it. ntroduce Topics in manife	pervised and rein of learning and of es for problems a <u>machine learning</u> Instructions) Ther can use to act s not to be only the e adopted to attain explain function Group Learning) gher order Think crning (PBL), whice ability to design, old representation o solve the same p	forcement learning lecision trees. appear in machine learni techniques. ccelerate the attainment raditional lecture method in the outcomes. ting of various concepts. Learning in the class. ting) questions in the class ch fosters students' Analy evaluate, generalize, and ns. problem with different ci	ng of the various course d, but alternative effective ss, which promotes critical ytical skills, develop design d analyse information rather
			to the real world - and w	hen that's possible, it helps
i	mprove the students' und		1 4	
Introduction		Modu	le-1	
<b>Concept lear</b> Concept Lear bias.		roblems – Desi aces and Candida Chapter 1 and 2	gning Learning systems te Elimination Algorithm	FML 5, Perspectives and Issues n –Remarks on VS- Inductiv
	1	Modu	le-2	
Discover and	visualize the data, Prepar	e the data, select	and train the model, Fine	
	i : MNIST, training a Bin i label classification, mult			ulticlass classification, erro
	Chapter 2, Chapter 3			
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and board, Active	Learning		

Process			
	Module-3		
<b>Training Models:</b> Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves, regularized linear models, logistic regression			
Support Vector Machine: linear, Nonlinear, SVM regression and under the hood			
Text book 2:	Chapter 4, Chapter 5		
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Learning			
Process			
	Module-4		
	ees Training and Visualizing DT, making prediction, estimating class, the CART training, I complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, instability		
<b>Ensemble lea</b> forests, Boosti	r <b>ning and Random Forest</b> : Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random ng, stacking		
Text book 2:	Chapter 6, Chapter 7		
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		
Learning			
Process			
	Module-5		
	em – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes ifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-Bayesian Belief Network – EM Chapter 6		
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Learning			
Process			
Course Outco	mes		
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:		
	rstand the concept of Machine Learning and Concept Learning.		
	the concept of ML and various classification methods in a project.		
	se various training models in ML and the SVM algorithm to be implemented.		
	the ML concept in a decision tree structure and implementation of Ensemble learning and om Forest.		
	Bayes techniques and explore more about the classification in ML.		
	Details (both CIE and SEE)		
	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The		
-	sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to		
	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the		
	es not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a		
	0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE		
(Semester End	Examination) taken together.		
	nternal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Te	sts each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )		
1. First t	test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		

#### Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
- 2. Aurelien Geron, Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn & TensorFlow, O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd 2019

## **Reference:**

- 1. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2013
- 2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001
- 3. Machine Learning using Python, Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley, 2019
- 4. Machine Learning, Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson, 2020 Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
  - 1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6\_SY5qznc77
  - 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE			
Course Code	21AI641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy40Total Marks100		100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

CLO 1. Explain the Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.

- CLO 2. Illustrate the significance of computerized Decision Support, and understand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
- CLO 3. Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
- CLO 4. Explore knowledge management; explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
- CLO 5. Describe the Expert systems , areas suitable for application of experts system

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Decision Support and Business Intelligence:** Opening Vignette, Changing Business Environments and Computerized Decision Support, Managerial Decision Making, Computerized Support for Decision Making, An Early Framework for Computerized Decision Support, The Concept of Decision Support Systems (DSS), A framework for Business Intelligence (BI), A Work System View of Decision Support.

#### Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

## Module-2

**Computerized Decision Support:** Decision Making, Models, Phases of the Decision-Making Process, The Intelligence Phase, The Design Phase, The Choice Phase, The Implementation Phase, How Decisions Are Supported.

**Modeling and Analysis:** Structure of Mathematical Models for Decision Support, Certainty, Uncertainty, and Risk, Management Support Systems, Multiple Goals, Sensitivity Analysis, What-If Analysis, and Goal

Seeking.	
Text Book 1:	Chapter 2
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-3
	<b>Dusing:</b> Data Warehousing Definitions and Concepts, Data Warehousing Process Overview, using Architectures, Data Integration and the Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
<b>Text Book 1:</b>	
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
Transformation	Management: Introduction to Knowledge Management, Organizational Learning and on, Knowledge Management Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, Information T) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management Systems Implementation.
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	chaik and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Process	
1100033	Module-5
Free cart Create	ms: Basic Concepts of Expert Systems, Applications of Expert Systems, Structure of Expert
Text Book 1: Teaching- Learning	efits, Limitations, and Critical Success Factors of Expert Systems.  Chapter 12 Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Process	
Course outco	ome (Course Skill Set)
At the end of	the course the student will be able to:
Intell	y the basics of data and business to understand Decision Support systems and Business igence framework.
Unde	ribe the significance of Computerized Decision Support, apply the basics of mathematics to rstand the mathematical modeling behind decision support. An Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
Proce	rze the importance of knowledge management and explain its activities, approaches and Its
COT. Alidiy	
imple CO 5. Desci	ementation ribe the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application perts system
imple CO 5. Descr of exp	ribe the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application perts system.
imple CO 5. Descr of exp	ribe the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application

Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Text Book

1. Business Intelligence, A managerial Perspective on Analytics. Sharda, R, Delen D, Turban E.Pearson. 2014

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Data Mining Techniques. For Marketing, Sales and Customer Relationship Management Berry M.&Linoff G. Wiley Publishing Inc 2004
- 2. Data Science for Business, Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, O'Reilly Media, Inc2013

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3DTFmMNiGlg
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hg8zBJ1DhLQ</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	ADVANCED JAVA	PROGRAMMING	
Course Code	21CS642	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives		<b>I</b>	·
CLO 1. Understanding the for CLO 2. Apply the concepts of CLO 3. Demonstrate the fun CLO 4. Design and develop CLO 5. Apply database inter	of Generic classes in J damental concepts of web applications us	Java programs of String operations ing Java servlets and JS	
Teaching-Learning Process (Ger		uatabase connectivity	
Teaching Dearning Trocess (der	ierai mstructionsj		
These are sample Strategies, which	h teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L)	need not to be only a	a traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
		ted to attain the outcon	
-	-	oning of various concep	
	•	) Learning in the class.	
-	• • •	iking) questions in the d	class which promotes
critical thinking.	r (ingher order rim	ining) questions in the c	cluss, which promotes
0	Lorrning (DBL) wh	nich fosters students' An	alutical skills, dovolon
_			
		o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
information rather th			
6. Introduce Topics in n			
7. Show the different wa	•		
8. Discuss how every co	ncept can be applied	l to the real world - and	when that's possible, it
helps improve the stu	ıdents' understandir	ıg.	
	Modu	le-1	
Enumerations, Autoboxing and	Annotations:		
Enumerations, Ednumeration fun			
class types, enumerations inherits			
Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in			lean and character values
Autoboxing/Unboxing helps preve	ent errors, A word of	warning	
Annotations, Annotation basics, s	nocifying rotantian	nolicy obtaining annot	ations at run time by use of
reflection, Annotated element in			
annotations, Built in annotations	ternace, osing act	iant varaes, marker m	iniotations, ongre member
Textbook 1: Chapter12			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, (	Online demonstration, I	Problem based learning
	Modu	le-2	
<b>Generics:</b> What are Generics, A S The General Form of a Generic C Creating a Generic Method, Gene Erasure, Ambiguity errors, Some C	lass, Bounded Type ric Interfaces, Raw	s, Using Wildcard Argu	ments, Bounded Wildcards,
Textbook 1: Chapter 14			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board.	Online Demonstration	
	Modu		
String Handling: The String Cons			ations Character Extraction

**String Handling:** The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder

Textbook 1: Chapter 15		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
	Module-4	
Reading servlet parameter; the jay Cookies; Session Tracking, Java S	vlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package vax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects	
Textbook 1: Chapter 31 Textbook 2: Chapter 11		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
	Module-5	
The concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data Types; Exceptions. <b>Textbook 2: Chapter 6</b>		
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
Course Outcomes		
At the end of the course the studer	nt will be able to:	
•	nental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations	
CO 2. Apply the concepts of Gen		
CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts	<b>S 1</b>	
	rations using Java servlets and JSP	
	ction and transaction processing in Java	
Assessment Details (both CIE an	-	
	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
	0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b>		
1. First test at the end of $5^{\text{th}}$		
	he 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
	e 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b>		
-	d of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
-	end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz a	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20</b>	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> wee	k of the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignments	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be <b>scaled down to 50 ma</b>	urks	
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	
methods of the CIE. Each method	of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	
CIE methods /question paper ha	as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy	
as per the outcome defined for t	he course.	
Semester End Examination:		
	y University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question	
papers for the subject ( <b>duration 0</b>	3 hours)	
1. The question paper will have	ave ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks	

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

## **Reference Books:**

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):** 

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/</u>
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming exercises

NA	TURAL LANGUA	AGE PROCESSING	
Course Code	21AI643	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
effective teaching meth	of natural languag ots Text mining. retrieval techniqu ral Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop	es. o accelerate the attainmo a traditional lecture met oted to attain the outcom	hod, but alternative nes.
-	-	oning of various concept	ts.
critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su information rather than 6. Introduce Topics in ma 7. Show the different way	(Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh uch as the ability t n simply recall it. nifold representat s to solve the sam cept can be applied ents' understandin <u>Modu</u> c Overview: Origi P Applications-In	nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e program d to the real world - and ng. <b>le-1</b> ns and challenges of NI formation Retrieval. La	alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze when that's possible, it LP-Language and Grammar-
1extbook 1. cli. 1,2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Online demonstration,	Problem based learning
	Modu	le-2	
Word level and syntactic analysi Morphological Parsing-Spelling Erro Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4	or Detection and	correction-Words and W	Vord classes-Part-of Speech
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Online Demonstration	
	Modu		
<b>Extracting Relations from Text: Fr</b> Introduction, Subsequence Kernels Extraction and Experimental Evalua	for Relation Ex		
Mining Diagnostic Text Reports I Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, I Cases with Knowledge Roles and Eva	Frame Semantics		

**A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search:** InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience.

#### Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-4

**Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models:** Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems,

**Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures:** Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments.

**Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling:** Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results.

**Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining:** Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining.

## Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

 Module-5

**INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES:** Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.

## Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
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## **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyse the natural language text.
- CO 2. Define the importance of natural language.
- CO 3. Understand the concepts Text mining.
- CO 4. Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

## Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
- 3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND FUNDAMENTALS OF IMAGE PROCESSING		
21AI644	CIE Marks	50
3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
40	Total Marks	100
03	Exam Hours	03
	<b>21AI644</b> 3:0:0:0 40	<b>21AI644</b> CIE Marks3:0:0:0SEE Marks40Total Marks

#### Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Overview of Computer Graphics along with its applications.

CLO 2. Exploring 2D and 3D graphics mathematics along with OpenGL API's.

CLO 3. Use of Computer graphics principles for animation and design of GUI's .

CLO 4. Introduction to Image processing and Open CV.

CLO 5. Image segmentation using Open CV.

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopicsin manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Overview:**Computer Graphics hardware and software and OpenGL: Computer Graphics: Video Display Devices, Raster-Scan Systems Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics.OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL,coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's).

## Textbook 1: Chapter -1,2,3, 5(1 and 2 only)

**Self-study topics :** Input devices, hard copy devices, coordinate representation, graphics functions, fill area primitives, polygon fill areas, pixel arrays, Parallel Line algorithms

Teaching-	Chalk&board,Active Learning
Learning	Virtual Lab
Process	
Module-2	

**2D and 3D graphics with OpenGL:** 2D Geometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, 2D Composite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations, function,

**3D Geometric Transformations:** Translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions

## Textbook 1: Chapter -6, 8

**Self-study topics:** Transformation between 2D coordinate system, OpenGL geometric-transformation, Transformation between 3D coordinate system.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	Virtual Lab:
Process	

Module-3

**Interactive Input Methods and Graphical User Interfaces:** Graphical Input Data ,Logical Classification of Input Devices, Input Functions for Graphical Data , Interactive Picture-ConstructionTechniques, Virtual-Reality Environments, OpenGL Interactive Input-DeviceFunctions, OpenGL Menu Functions, Designing a Graphical User Interface.

**Computer Animation :**Design of Animation Sequences, Traditional Animation Techniques, General Computer-AnimationFunctions, Computer-Animation Languages, Character Animation, Periodic Motions, OpenGL Animation Procedures.

## Textbook 1: Chapter -11, 18

Self-study topics: Raster methods for computer animation, Key frame systems, Motion specification.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning
Learning	
Process	

## Module-4

**Introduction to Image processing:** overview, Nature of IP, IP and its related fields, Digital Image representation, types of images.

**Digital Image Processing Operations**: Basic relationships and distance metrics, Classification of Image processing Operations.

Text book 2: Chapter 3

## (Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE)

**Computer vision and OpenCV**: What is computer vision, Evolution of computer vision, Application of Computer vision, Feature of OpenCV, OpenCV library modules, OpenCV environment, Reading, writing and storing images using OpenCV. OpenCV drawing Functions. OpenCV Geometric Transformations.

<u>(Note : Computer vision and OpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based</u> <u>Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE )</u>

Web Source: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/		
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Learning	Lab practice for OpenCV for basic geometric objects and basic image operation	
Process		
Mr. J. L. P.		

## Module-5

**Image Segmentation:** Introduction, classification, detection of discontinuities, Edge detection (up to canny edge detection(included)).

Text Book 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.4.4.4

(Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE) Image processing with Open CV: Resizing, Rotation/Flipping, Blending, Creating region of Interest (ROI), Image Thresholding, Image Blurring and smoothing, Edge Detection, Image contours and Face Detection on images using OpenCV.

(Note :Image Processing withOpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based

## Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)

Web source: <u>https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b</u>

## Teaching-Chalk & board, MOOC

Learning	Lab practice on image processing.
Process	Virtual Lab:

## **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Construct geometric objects using Computer Graphics principles and OpenGL APIs.
- CO 2. Use OpenGL APIs and related mathematics for 2D and 3D geometric Operations on the objects.
- CO 3. Design GUI with necessary techniques required to animate the created objects
- CO 4. Apply OpenCV for developing Image processing applications.
- CO 5. Apply Image segmentation techniques along with programming, using OpenCV, for developing simple applications.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Text Books

1. Donald D Hearn, M Pauline Baker and Warren Carithers: Computer Graphics with OpenGL 4th

Edition, Pearson, 2014

2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, second edition, Oxford University press 2016.

## **Reference Books**

- **1.** Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008
- **2.** James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/</u>
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/
- 4. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/</u> (Tutorial, Types of Images, Drawing Functions )

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini project on computer graphics using Open GL/Python/Open CV.

INTR	ODUCTION TO I	DATA STRUCTURES	
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. Introduce elementary CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data S CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear D CLO 4. Assess appropriate da Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) n effective teaching methor 2. Use of Video/Animatic 3. Encourage collaboratir 4. Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based	data structures. Structures: Stack, Q ata Structures: Tre ata structure during eral Instructions) teachers can use to eed not to be only a hods could be adop on to explain function (Group Learning (Higher order Thin Learning (PBL), wh	ueues, Lists es g program development	/Problem Solving. ent of the various course hod, but alternative ies. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop
	ys to solve the sam s to come up with t	e problem with differen cheir own creative ways vorld - and when that's	to solve them.
Introduction:	Modu	16-1	
Introduction: Introduction to arrays: one-dimens arrays, Multidimensional arrays. Introduction to Pointers: Pointer co allocation, pointers applications. Introduction to structures and unio initialization, arrays of structures, r <b>Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch</b> <b>Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51</b>	oncepts, accessing w ns: Declaring struc nested structure, ur <b>12.3 to 12.19</b>	variables through pointe tures, Giving values to n	rs, Dynamic memory
	•	tivo Looming	
Teaching-Learning Process   C	halk and board, Ac		
Linean Data Chun stress - Charles	Modu	le-2	
<b>Linear Data Structures-Stacks an</b> Introduction, Stack representation Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic types, Queue Implementation, Appl	in Memory, Stack concept, Logical re ications of Queue.		
Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,ChTeaching-Learning ProcessC		tive Learning, Problem I	Based Learning
reaching-learning Process			Daseu Leai IIIIig
	Modu	le-3	
Linear Data Structures-Linked Li Introduction, Linked list Basic con Singly-linked List Operations and In	cept, Logical repre		

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
Teaching-Leanning Trocess	Module-4		
Non Linear Data Structures – T			
-	ary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal,		
Binary Search tree, Expression T	rees.		
Terethe els1. Ch 1( 1 1( )			
Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2 Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,1	063		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
Teaching Learning Trocess	Module-5		
Sorting and Searching	House 5		
Sorting: Introduction, Bubble sor	rt Selection sort Insertion sort		
Searching: Introduction, Linear s			
Scarening. Introduction, Emcar 3	carcii, binary scarcii.		
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.	2 4 17 3 1 17 3 2		
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2,2, 17. Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3,			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
Course Outcomes	Chark and board, Active Learning, Froblem based learning		
At the end of the course the stud	ant will be able to		
CO 1. Express the fundamentals of static and dynamic data structure. CO 2. Summarize the various types of data structure with their operations.			
CO 3. Interpret various search			
CO 4. Choose appropriate data			
	res in a high level language for problem solving.		
Assessment Details (both CIE a	ind SEE)		
The weightage of Continuous Int	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
The minimum passing mark for	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject			
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna			
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E	Ind Examination) taken together		
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation</b>	n:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
2. Second test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
3. Third test at the end of t	he 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	rks		
4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
5. Second assignment at th	e end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the $13^{\text{th}}$ we	eek of the semester		
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
and will be scaled down to 50 n	narks		
(to have less stressed CIE, the po	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		
methods of the CIE. Each metho	d of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).		
CIE methods /question paper	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		
as per the outcome defined for	the course.		
Semester End Examination:			
	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question		

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
- 2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

#### References

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl 49i0</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t\_-ULoAZM</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBw0zceo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Understand the basic con	cepts and the appli	cations of database syst	ems.
CLO 2. Understand the relationa			
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL		-	
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic is			encv control.
Teaching-Learning Process (General		F	
<ul> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain the functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develops design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> <li>8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</li> </ul>			
DBMS approach, History of database applications. <b>Overview of Database Languages and Architectures:</b> Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.			
<b>Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships:</b> Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams,Examples			
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b> Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning			
Module-2			
<b>Relational Model</b> : Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relationaldatabase schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.			
	Relational Algebra: Relational algebra: introduction, Selection and projection, set operations, renaming,		
Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Oper of Queries in relational algebra.	rators, grouping an	d ungrouping, relationa	l comparison. Examples
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.			
Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration	
	Module-3	
<b>SQL:</b> SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.		
	lex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action nange statements in SQL.Database	
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to	o 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
	Module-4	
Multivalued Dependencies: Info Normal Forms based on Prima	<b>Sign Theory –</b> Introduction to Normalization using Functional and rmal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, ry Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, urth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples	
Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 1	5.1 to 15.6	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
	Module-5	
Transaction management and	d Concurrency -Control Transaction management: ACID properties,	
serializability and concurrency c	ontrol, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping	
methods, optimistic methods, da	tabase recovery management.	
Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21	.1 to 21.7;	
Tooching Loorning Process	Chalk and board MOOC	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes		
<b>Course Outcomes</b> At the end of the course the stude		
Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple	ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems	
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The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow3041</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad\_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

INTR	DUCTION TO	CYBER SECURITY		
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Total Hours of Fedagogy40Total Marks100Credits03Exam Hours03				
Course Learning Objectives	05	Examinours	05	
CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrim	ne terminologies	and ACTs		
CLO 2. Understanding cybercrit			with the tools for	
Cybercrime and prevent				
CLO 3. Understand the motive a		hercrime cyhercrimina	ls and investigators	
CLO 4. Understanding criminal				
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera		e, actection standing er		
reaching bear hing riveess (dener	in moti actions)			
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.				
1. Lecturer method (L) nee effective teaching method	ds could be adop	ted to attain the outcom	les.	
2. Use of Video/Animation			ts.	
3. Encourage collaborative				
<ol> <li>Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking.</li> </ol>	ligher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes	
5. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills suc				
information rather than s		o accigii, c (araaco, gerrer		
6. Introduce Topics in mani		ions.		
7. Show the different ways			t circuits/logic and	
encourage the students t				
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
helps improve the studer	nts' understandir	ıg.	-	
	Modu	le-1		
Introduction to Cybercrime:				
<b>Cybercrime:</b> Definition and Origins o Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cyb		rcrime and Information	Security, Who are	
Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,				
Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective,	Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000.			
Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).				
Module-2				
Cyber offenses:				
<b>How Criminals Plan Them:</b> Introduct stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.	tion, How Crimir	als Plan the Attacks, So	cial Engineering, Cyber	
Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Att	ack Vector			
Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).				
Teaching-Learning Process Ch	alk and board, A	ctive Learning		
	Modu			
<b>Tools and Methods Used in Cybercr</b> Password Cracking, Key loggers and S	pywares, Virus a	nd Worms, Trojan Hors		
Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks	s, Attacks on Wir	eless Networks.		

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12).			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies		
	Module-4		
<b>Understanding the people on t</b> cyber victims, understanding cybe	<b>he scene:</b> Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding or investigators.		
The Computer Investigation pro	cess: investigating computer crime.		
	evention: Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding king the Most of Hardware and Software Security		
Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk& board, Case studies		
	Module-5		
Alerts, Commercial Intrusion Dete or IP Address.	es: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and ction Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name		
criminal case, collecting digital evi documenting evidence.	Il Evidence: Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a dence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence,		
TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10. Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies		
Course Outcomes	Chaik and Doard, Case studies		
	at will be able to		
<ul> <li>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</li> <li>CO 1. Describe the cyber crime terminologies</li> <li>CO 2. Analyze cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention</li> <li>CO 3. Analyze the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators</li> <li>CO 4. Apply the methods for understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal</li> </ul>			
case and evidence.			
The minimum passing mark for t deemed to have satisfied the aca course if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4 Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be idemic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination 40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal id Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation			
	week of the semester he 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester e 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the	d of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b>		
(duration 01 hours)			
_	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be <b>scaled down to 50 ma</b>			
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013
- 2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
- 3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.trendmicro.com/en\_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

	PROGRAMMIN	G IN JAVA		
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives		·		
CLO 1. Learn fundamental feat			VA.	
CLO 2. To create, debug and ru				
CLO 3. Learn object oriented c				
CLO 4. Study the concepts of in		•	8	
CLO 5. Discuss the String Han	- ·	h Object Oriented con	cepts.	
<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol> <li>Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> <li>Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>				
<b>An Overview of Java</b> : Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries. <b>Data Types, Variables, and Arrays</b> : Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers,				
Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings <b>Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.</b>				
Teaching-Learning ProcessC	halk and board, Pro	oblem based learning		
	Module	-2		
<b>Operators:</b> Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses,				
Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.				
Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.				
reaching-learning process	Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
<b>Module-3</b> <b>Introducing Classes:</b> Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method, A Stack Class.				
A Closer Look at Methods and Cla	asses: Overloading	Methods, Using Obje	ects as Parameters, A Closer	

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

#### Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.1-8.5

**Teaching-Learning Process**Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

## Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

**Exception Handling**: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process         Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Module-5		

**Enumerations** : Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

**String Handling:** The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

#### Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

## CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

	MAC	HINE LEARNING	LABORATORY	
Course Code	<u>þ</u>	21AIL66	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy 24			Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
CLO 2. To le CLO 3. Com rein CLO 4. Able lear CLO 5. To in	<ul> <li>environment</li> <li>Usage and inst https://www.a</li> <li>Should have the</li> </ul>	rning techniques li problems on ANN, lustering and class ld be familiarized allation of Anacond naconda.com/produ	ke ANN approach, Bayesi Instance based learning a ification Algorithms for p about Python installat la should be introduced	and Reinforcement redictions and ion and setting Python
		ů,	py,pandas,scikit-learn and	
Sl. No.	PART A – List of pro		udent should develop pro Laboratory	ogram and execute in
1	Program: For a given s	set of training data -S algorithm to ou	g model and principle of Fi a examples stored in a .( htput a description of th	CSV file, implement and
2	Program: For a given s demonstrate the Candi hypotheses consistent <b>Text Book 1: Ch2</b>	set of training data date-Elimination a with the training ex	-	CSV file, implement and
3	concept. Program: Write a prog algorithm. Use an app knowledge to classify a <b>Text Book 1: Ch 3</b>	Decision tree using gram to demonstra propriate data set new sample.	the training data sets un ate the working of the of for building the decision	decision tree based ID3 on tree and apply this
4	feed backward principle Program: Build an An algorithm and test the s	rtificial Neural Ne	of Artificial Neural networ etwork by implementing riate data sets.	
	Text Book 1: Ch 4			

5	Aim: Demonstrate the text classifier using Naïve bayes classifier algorithm.
	Program: Write a program to implement the naive Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
	Text Book 1: Ch6
6	Aim: Demonstrate and Analyse the results sets obtained from Bayesian belief network Principle.
	Program:- Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Python ML library classes/API.
	Text Book 1: Ch 6
7	Aim: Implement and demonstrate the working model of K-means clustering algorithm with Expectation Maximization Concept.
	Program: Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.
	Text Book 1: Ch 8
8	Aim: Demonstrate and analyse the results of classification based on KNN Algorithm. Program: Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
0	Text Book 1: Ch 8
9	Aim: Understand and analyse the concept of Regression algorithm techniques.
	Program: Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.
	Text Book 1: Ch8
10	Aim: Implement and demonstrate classification algorithm using Support vector machine Algorithm.
	Program: Implement and demonstrate the working of SVM algorithm for classification.
	Text Book 2: Ch6
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
I	PART B
	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the Program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
	comes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:
	nderstand the Importance of different classification and clustering algorithms.
	emonstrate the working of various algorithms with respect to training and test data sets. ustrate and analyze the principles of Instance based and Reinforcement learning techniques.
	icit the importance and Applications of Supervised and unsupervised machine learning.
	mpare and contrast the Bayes theorem principles and Q learning approach.
	it Details (both CIE and SEE)
The woight	age of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semaster End Evam (SEE) is
-	age of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is ninimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student
50%. The h	minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student

shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

## Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Lerning", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. <u>Nello Cristianini, John Shawe-Taylor</u>, An Introduction to Support Vector Machines and Other Kernel-based Learning Methods, Cambridge University Press, 2013
- Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

Suggested Web Links / E Resource

- 1. <u>https://www.kaggle.com/general/95287</u>
- 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf

	ADVANCED AI AND ML				
Course Code		21AI71	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours o	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03				03	
CLO 1. Demo	Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents CLO 2. Illustrate the reasoning on Uncertain Knowledge				
CLO 3. Explo CLO 4. Illust	ore the explanation-based le rate the use of KNN	earning in solving A	-		
	ore the Text feature Engine		Applications		
	arning Process (General I uple Strategies, which teach	-	rate the attainment of the	e various course	
outcomes.					
	Lecturer method (L) needs eaching methods could be			alternative effective	
	Jse of Video/Animation to	-			
4. <i>A</i>	Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.				
t	Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.				
6. I	ntroduce Topics in manifold representations.				
	7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
8. I	8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps			hat's possible, it helps	
1	improve the students' understanding.				
	Module-1 Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Good Behaviour: The Concept of Rationality, The Nature of Environments, The Structure of Agents				
Problem Solving : Game Paying					
Text book 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 5 (2.1 to 2.4, 5.1 to 5.6)					
Teaching-					
Learning					
Process					
		Module-2			
<b>Uncertain knowledge and Reasoning:</b> Quantifying Uncertainty, Acting under Uncertainty , Basic Probability Notation, Inference Using Full Joint Distributions, Independence , Bayes' Rule and Its Use The WumpusWorld Revisited,					
Text book 1: Chapter 13					
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active I	earning, Demonstra	tion		
Learning		-			
Process					
	ı	Module-3			
Neural Netwo	Neural Network Representation – Problems – Perceptrons – Multilayer Networks and Back Propagation			s and Back Propagation	
	Genetic Algorithms – Hyp	-	-		

#### and Learning.

#### Text book 2: chapter 4.1-4.6 & 9.1-9.5

#### Neural networks and genetic algorithms:

Brief history and Evolution of Neural network, Biological neuron, Basics of ANN, Activation function, MP model.

#### Text book 3: chapter 6

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

#### Module-4

#### **Recommender System:**

Datasets, Association rules, Collaborative filtering, User-based similarity, item-based similarity, using surprise library, Matrix factorization

#### **Text Analytics:**

Overview, Sentiment Classification, Naïve Bayes model for sentiment classification, using TF-IDF vectorizer, Challenges of text analytics

#### Text book 4: Chapter 9 and 10

Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Learning		
Process		
Module-5		

#### Clustering

**Introduction**, Types of clustering, Partitioning methods of clustering (k-means, k-medoids), hierarchical methods

#### Text book 3: Chapter 13

Instance Based Learning: Introduction, k-nearest neighbour learning(review), locally weighted regression, radial basis function, cased-based reasoning,

#### Text book 2: Chapter 8.1-8.5

Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC
Learning	
Process	

## **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents

- CO 2. Illustrate the reasoning on Uncertain Knowledge
- CO 3. Explore the explanation-based learning in solving AI problems
- CO 4. Apply effectively ML algorithms to solve real world problems.
- CO 5. Apply Instant based techniques and derive effectively learning rules to real world problems.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE

(Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks:

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, A Modern Approach, Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Third Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 2. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
- 3. Machine Learning, Anuradha Srinivasaraghavan, VincyJoeph, Wiley 2019
- 4. Machine Learning using Python ,Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley 2019

#### **Reference:**

1. An Introduction to Multi Agent Systems, Michael Wooldridge, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons **Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):** 

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm\_laSHcH
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102220/
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6\_SY5qznc77
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

CLOUD COMPUTING				
Course Code	21CS72	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100	
Credits	02	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives:				
CLO 1. Introduce the rationale behind CLO 2. Introduce various models of c CLO 3. Introduction on how to design	loud computing	-		

tradeoffs. CLO 4. Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction's and Enabling Technologies and cloud security

#### **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

#### Introduction:

Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

#### Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning				
	Module-2				
Virtualization: Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of					
Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization,					
Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples					
Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning				
Module-3					
Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of					
the Cloud, Open Challenges					

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration		
Module-4			
<b>Cloud Security</b> : Risks, Top concer Security, Security Risks posed by sl	rn for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM hared images and management OS.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.6	, 9.8, 9.9		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board		
	Module-5		
	te services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional rchitecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model,		
Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.2			
cancer diagnosis, Geoscience: sate ERP, Social networking, media appl			
Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1 to 2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board		
Course outcome (Course Skill Se	t)		
At the end of the course the studen	-		
	arious cloud computing platforms and service provider.		
CO 2. Illustrate various virtualiza			
	nfrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.		
CO 4. Understand the Security as			
CO 5. Define platforms for develo	-		
Assessment Details (both CIE and			
The minimum passing mark for the deemed to have satisfied the acade course if the student secures not be	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. ne CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination 0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal d Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)			
<ol> <li>First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> v</li> <li>Second test at the end of th</li> <li>Third test at the end of the</li> <li>Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b></li> </ol>	ne 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ± 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the e	d of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20</b>		

#### Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module **Suggested Learning Resources:** 

## Textbooks

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
- 2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
- 3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS				
Course Code	21AI731	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives				

CLO 1. Understand Semantic Web for social network analysis.

CLO 2. Learn the Representation, Modelling and Aggregating social network data.

CLO 3. Learn the basic algorithms and techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.

CLO 4. Study Human behaviour in social networks and its management.

CLO 5. Visual representation of social network data in different applications.

## Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 4.
- Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking 5. skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the 7. students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve 8. the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

Introduction to Semantic Web: Limitations of current Web - Development of Semantic Web - Emergence of the Social Web.

Social Network analysis: Development of Social Network Analysis - Key concepts and measures in network analysis.

Electronic sources for network analysis: Electronic discussion networks, Blogs and online communities -Web-based networks.

Text book 1: Chapter1 - 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, Chapter2 - 2.2, 2.3, Chapter3 - 3.1 to 3.3

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning,		
Learning			
Process			
Module-2			

Module-2

Knowledge Representation on the Semantic Web: Ontology and their role in the Semantic Web - Ontology based knowledge Representation - Ontology languages for the Semantic Web - Resource Description Framework and schema - Web Ontology Language.

Modelling and aggregating social network data: State-of-the-art in network data representation Ontological representation of social individuals - Ontological representation of social relationships -

Aggregating an	d reasoning with social network data.
	Chapter4 – 4.1(4.1.1), 4.2(4.2.1,4.2.2), Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4
-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	W LL A
<b>D</b>	Module-3
-	<b>munities in social networks</b> - Definition of community - Evaluating communities - Methods
for community	detection - Tools for detecting communities
Decentralized	online social networks - Introduction - Challenges for DOSN - The Case for Decentralizing
	Purpose DOSNs - Specialized Application Centric DOSNs - Social Distributed Systems - Delay-
Tolerant DOSN	
	hapter 12 – 12.2 to 12.5, Chapter 17
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
Understanding	g and predicting human behaviour for social communities: User data management -
Inference and I	Distribution - Enabling new human experiences – The Technologies.
Managing Tru	ust in Online Social Networks: Trust in online environment - Trust models based on
subjective logic	c - Trust network analysis - Trust transitivity analysis - Combining trust and reputation - Trust
derivation base	ed on trust comparisons.
	Chapter20 - 20.2, 20.3(20.3.1), Chapter22 - 22.3, 22.5, 22.6, 22.7, 22.9, 22.10
-	Chalk & board, Problem based learning, MOOC
Learning	
Process	Module-5
Vigualization	
networks,	of Social Networks: Social Network Analysis - Visualization - Visualizing online social
networks,	
Novel Visualiz	ations and Interactions for Social Networks Exploration: Visualizing social networks with
	epresentations - Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams - Hybrid representations.
Applications of	of Social Network Analysis: Applications of Social Network Analysis - Covert networks -
Community we	lfare - Collaboration networks - Co-Citation networks.
	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC
Learning	
Process	
Course Outcor	
	e course the student will be able to:
	stand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis.
	stand the <b>Representation</b> , Modelling and Aggregating social network data.
-	the human behaviour in social network.
	techniques for detection and decentralization of social network. ate the visual representation of social network data.
	etails (both CIE and SEE)
	of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The

minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester -Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

## The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## **Text Books**

- 1. Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", First Edition, Springer 2007.
- 2. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Springer, 2010.

## **Reference:**

- 1. Guandong Xu ,Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking Techniques and applications", First Edition Springer, 2011.
- 2. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, "Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectively", IGI Global Snippet, 2008.
- 3. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, "Collaborative and Social Information Retrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modelling", IGI Global Snippet, 2009.

#### 4. John G. Breslin, Alexander Passant and Stefan Decker, "The Social Semantic Web", Springer, 2009

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IiUDKDxScxI</u>
- 2. http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/106106146/L21.html
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DTxE9KV3YrE
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MQsTxRMy3Xg
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BQWoMRS5CGA
- 6. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_cs78/preview

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	DIGITAL IMAGE	PROCESSING			
Course Code	21CS732	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
	otal Hours of Pedagogy 40 Total Marks 100				
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Understand the funda	mentals of digital i	mage processing			
CLO 2. Explain the image trar	-		rocessing		
CLO 3. Apply different image					
CLO 4. Evaluate image restor					
CLO 5. Understand the Morpl	-	-			
imageprocessing		-	-		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)				
These are sample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	o accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course		
outcomes.					
1. Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	a traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative		
effective teaching meth	ods could be adop	ted to attain the outcom	ies.		
2. Use of Video/Animatio	n to explain function	oning of various concept	tS.		
3. Encourage collaborativ	e (Group Learning	) Learning in the class.			
-	• • •	nking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes		
critical thinking.		0,1,,	, F		
-	earning (PBL), wh	nich fosters students' An	alvtical skills, develop		
-	• • •		-		
	design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.				
	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
-	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and				
-	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
÷	-				
<ol> <li>Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</li> </ol>					
helps improve the stud		-			
Distal Incore Freedom entals (47)	Modu		6 Disital Incare Ducassing		
Digital Image Fundamentals: Wh					
Examples of fields that use DIP, Fun ProcessingSystem, Elements of Vis					
Quantization, Some Basic Relationsl					
	ro 200000m indi	.,and rommedi (			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapte	Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 2: Sections 2.1 to 2.5, 2.6.2				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Active Learning, Proble	m hased learning		
	Modu				
Spatial Domain: Some Basic Intens			Processing Fundamentals of		
Spatial Filtering, SmoothingSpatial I			rocessing, runuamentais or		
Frequency Domain: Preliminary	Concepts. The Di-	screte FourierTransforr	n (DFT) of Two Variables		
Properties of the 2-D DFT, Filterin	-		· ·		
UsingFrequency Domain Filters, Sel		, - 6	5 0r6		
	-	atom A. Continue 4.0.4	to 1 10		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3					
Teaching-Learning Process		nd board, Active Learnin	g, Demonstration		
		ory Demonstration			
	Modu				
Restoration: Noise models, Rest	oration in the Pr	esence of Noise Onlyu	ising Spatial Filtering and		

Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, InverseFiltering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, ConstrainedLeast Squares Filtering.

## Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board
	Module-4
<b>Color Image Processing</b> : Color F Background, Multiresolution Expa	undamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. Wavelets: ansions.
Morphological Image Processin Miss Transforms, Some Basic Mor	<b>g</b> : Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or- phological Algorithms.
<u>Text: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to</u> Teaching-Learning Process	6.3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2, Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5 1.Chalk& board
Teaching-Learning Process	2.Demonstartion of Case study /Application for wavelet transfer
	method
	Module-5
Segmentation: Introduction, clas	sification of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of
	lough Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, Principles of
Representation and Description	n: Representation, Boundary descriptors.
	to 9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	1.Chalk and board, MOOC.
	2. Poster making activity for various image segmentation
Course Outcomes	algorithms
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:
	ntals of Digital Image Processing.
CO 2. Apply different Image tra	
CO 3. Analyze various image re	
CO 4. Understand colour image	and morphological processing
CO 5. Design image analysis an	nd segmentation techniques
Assessment Details (both CIE a	nd SEE)
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the acc course if the student secures not	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall b ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject cless than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examinatio 40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna and Examination) taken together
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation</b>	:
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation</b> Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b>	
	s (duration 01 hour)
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b> 1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup>	s (duration 01 hour)
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b> 1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> 2. Second test at the end of	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester
<ul> <li>Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b></li> <li>1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup></li> <li>2. Second test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup></li> </ul>	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
<ol> <li>Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b></li> <li>First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup></li> <li>Second test at the end of f</li> <li>Third test at the end of the Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b></li> </ol>	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ks
<ol> <li>Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b></li> <li>First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup></li> <li>Second test at the end of 4</li> <li>Third test at the end of the</li> <li>Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b></li> <li>First assignment at the end</li> </ol>	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester to 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ks and of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
<ol> <li>Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b></li> <li>First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup></li> <li>Second test at the end of f</li> <li>Third test at the end of th</li> <li>Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b></li> <li>First assignment at the end</li> <li>Second assignment at the</li> </ol>	ts (duration 01 hour) week of the semester the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ks

#### Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Textbooks

- 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, 2016

#### **Reference:**

1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.

2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
- 2. https://github.com/PrajwalPrabhuiisc/Image-processing-assignments

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of finding the histogram from grayscale image, to check the low pass filter properties, filtering the images using Gaussian low pass filter, etc... using Python programming

Practical Based Assignment like following or any topic which is in-line with the course requirement. Students shall present and demonstrate their work at the end of semester.

- Program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.
- To Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.

FU	LLSTACK DEV	ELOPMENT		
Course Code	21AI733	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1.Explain the use of learning CLO 2.Make use of rapid applicat			ive web pages.	
CLO 3.Illustrate Models, Views at	-			
development.	ina rempiaceo mi			
CLO 4.Demonstrate the use of sta	-			
CLO 5.Design and implement Dja		ning dynamic pages with S	SQL databases.	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (Genera</b>	l Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.				
<ol> <li>Lecturer method (L) does not teaching methods may be ado</li> </ol>			t different type of	
2. Show Video/animation films				
3. Encourage collaborative (Gro	-			
4. Ask at least three HOT (Highe		_	hich promotes critical	
thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learnir	ig (PBL), which fo	osters students' Analytica	l skills, develop	
thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.				
6. Topics will be introduced in a	multiple represe	entation.		
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up				
<ul><li>with their own creative ways to solve them.</li><li>8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps</li></ul>				
		ne real world - and when	that's possible, it helps	
improve the students' unders		Wah Decigning		
		Web Designing	X7: XAZ 1 : C	
Web framework, MVC Design Pattern,			-	
Django URL Confs and Loose Coupling	, Errors in Djange	o, Wild Card patterns in U	RLS.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter	3			
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstra	tion using Visual Studio C	ode	
_		Presentation for Architect		
	Patterns		-	
	3. Live coding	of all concepts with simp	le examples	
Module		plates and Models	<u>^</u>	
Template System Basics, Using Djar			Fags and Filters. MVT	
Development Pattern, Template Loadi		-	-	
Configuring Databases, Defining and Representations, Inserting/Undating of				
Representations, Inserting/Updating data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution <b>Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chapter 5</b>				
Teaching-Learning Process		tion using Visual Studio C	ode	
		Presentation for Architect		
	Patterns		0 -	
		of all concepts with simp	le examples	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>▲</b>	

	4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket
	Booking System
	Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms
Activating Admin Interfaces, Using Admin Interfaces.	g Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, Reasons to use
Form Processing, Creating Feed Forms, URLConf Ticks, Including (	back forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model Other URLConfs.
Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
Module-4:	Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Using Generic Views, Generic Viev Views.	vs of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic
framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use	
Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Teaching-Learning Process	12 1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
Teaching Dearning Trocess	<ol> <li>2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design</li> </ol>
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student
	Admission Management.
Module	-5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django
Ajax Solution, Java Script, XHTM	LHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in
Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7 Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
reaching-reatining Process	<ol> <li>Demonstration using visual studio code</li> <li>PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design</li> </ol>
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for
	development of EMI calculator.
Course outcome (Course Skill S	
At the end of the course the stude	
	of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
	Forms for rapid development of web pages.
	late Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web
••	ork libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF.
	AX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web
Assessment Details (both CIE ar	nd SEE)

50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
- 2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
- 2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
- 3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
- 4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.
- 5. Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications,

#### 2014

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. MVT architecture with Django: <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials</u>
- 2. Using Python in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao</u>
- 3. Model Forms with Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE</u>
- 4. Real time Interactions in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k</u>
- 5. AJAX with Django for beginners: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

		<b>BLOCKCHAIN T</b>	ECHNOLOGY	
Course Code		21CS734	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3 <b>Teaching-L</b> These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3.	Lecturer method (L) meffective teaching method Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaboration	in bitcoin <u>m platform</u> eral Instructions) teachers can use to eed not to be only a hods could be adop on to explain functio ve (Group Learning	accelerate the attainment traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep ) Learning in the class.	ent of the various course hod, but alternative nes. ts.
4. 5. 6. 7.	critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based design thinking skills s information rather tha Introduce Topics in ma Show the different way	Learning (PBL), wh such as the ability to in simply recall it. anifold representat ys to solve the same	e problem with differen	alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and
8. Blockchaii	Discuss how every con helps improve the stuc	cept can be applied dents' understandir <b>Modu</b> l	ng. I <b>e-1</b>	to solve them. when that's possible, it on to blockchain, Types of
<b>Decentrali</b> Routes to de	, CAP theorem and bloc zation and Cryptograp ecentralization, Decentr 1: Chapter 1, 2	<b>hy:</b> Decentralizatio	n using blockchain, Met	chain. hods of decentralization,
	earning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning – Oral p	resentations.
5	5	Modu	· ·	
Data Structo	on to Cryptography & C ures, Digital Signatures, In Achieves Decentraliz , Incentives and proof of	C <b>ryptocurrencies:</b> Public Keys as Iden <b>zation:</b> Distributed	Cryptographic Hash Fu tities, A Simple Cryptoc consensus, Consensus	-
Textbook 2	2: Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, D	emonstration	
		Modu	le-3	
	of Bitcoin: Bitcoin trans network, Limitations ar	sactions, Bitcoin Sc		tcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks,
How to Sto	re and Use Bitcoins: Si	mple Local Storage	, Hot and Cold Storage, S	Splitting and Sharing Keys,

Online Wallets and Exchanges, Payment Services, Transaction Fees, Currency Exchange Markets				
onnie walets and Exchanges, Layment Services, Transaction Lees, Gurrency Exchange Markets				
Textbook2: Chapter 3,4				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC			
	Module-4			
Bitcoin Mining: The task of Bitcoin miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining				
pools, Mining incentives and strategies,				
Bitcoin and Anonymity: Anonym	nity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing,			
Zerocoin and Zerocash,				
Textbook2: Chapter 5,6				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC			
	Module-5			
Smart Contracts and Ethereum				
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricar	dian contracts.			
	ereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled			
contracts.				
Toythook 1. Chapter 10				
Textbook 1: Chapter 10 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration			
Course Outcomes	Chaik and board, MOOC, Fractical Demonstration			
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:			
CO 1. Describe the concepts of Distrbuted computing and its role in Blockchain				
	Cryptography and its role in Blockchain			
	cks and applications of Blockchain			
CO 4. Appreciate the technolog	ies involved in Bitcoin			
	ate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.			
Assessment Details (both CIE a	-			
	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
	ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal			
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester Er				
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation</b>				
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )				
1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
2. Second test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>				
4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20</b>				
Marks (duration 01 hours)				
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be <b>scaled down to 50 marks</b>				
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course)				
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). <b>CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy</b>				
the memous / question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of bloom s taxonomy				

#### as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Mastering Blockchain Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

## **Reference:**

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/? ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/</u>
- 3. <u>https://ethereum.org/en/developers/</u>
- 4. <u>https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

		INTERNET C	<b>F THINGS</b>	
Course Code	<u>)</u>	21CS735	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
-	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5 CLO 6	<ul> <li>Understand about the furtheir characteristics.</li> <li>Understand the recent application.</li> <li>Understand the protocol.</li> <li>Understand the other assistor.</li> <li>Improve their knowledge machine learning application.</li> </ul>	oplication doma s and standards sociated technol e about the vario tions. urrent trends of nt industrial sce	ins of IoT in everyday li designed for IoT and th ogies like cloud and fog ous cutting-edge techno machine learning and A	e current research on it. computing in the domain of
Teaching-L	earning Process (Genera	Instructions		
These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative ( Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen	not to be only a s could be adop o explain functio Group Learning igher order Thir rning (PBL), wh n as the ability to imply recall it. fold representat o solve the same o come up with t ot can be applied ts' understandir	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept ) Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c hich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with different heir own creative ways I to the real world - and ng.	chod, but alternative hes. ts. class, which promotes halytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modu	le-1	
Technologie	of IoT: Introduction, Even s, IoT Networking Compor : Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.5			omplex Interdependence of
Teaching-L	earning Process Ch	alk and board, A	ctive Learning, Problem	n based learning
		Modu	le-2	
Types, Sensi	g and Actuation: Introducting Considerations, Actuato : Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.9			nsorial Deviations, Sensing istics.
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
Module-3				
	sing Topologies and Type IoT Device Design and Sele		-	

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 - 6.1 to 6.5				
Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration				
	Module-4			
Instance 4 IoT Connectivity Technologies: Introduction, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Thread, ISA100.11A,				
WirelessHART, RFID, NFC, DASH7, Z-Wave, Weightless, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth				
Textbook 1: Chapter 7 – 7.1 to 7.16				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning			
	Module-5			
IoT Communication Technologies: Introduction, Infrastructure Protocols, Discovery Protocols, Data				
Protocols, Identification Protocols	, Device Management, Semantic Protocols			
IoT Interoperability: Introduction	n, Taxonomy of interoperability, Standards, Frameworks			
Textbook 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 6.2				
Textbook 1: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the studen				
CO 1. Understand the evolution of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.				
CO 2. Analyze various sensing devices and actuator types.				
CO 3. Demonstrate the processing in IoT. CO 4. Apply different connectivity technologies.				
CO 5. Understand the communication technologies , protocols and interoperability in IoT.				
Assessment Details (both CIE an				
-	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together				
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation</b>				
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Mark</b>				
1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup>	• •			
<ol> <li>Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> </ol>				
3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>				
4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three				
suitably planned to attain	the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hours)</b>			
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 marks				
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined for the course.				
Semester End Examination:				
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question				
papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)				
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.				

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021.

#### **Reference:**

- 1. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
- 2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.
- 3. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Course Code		AUGMENTE	D REALITY			
course cou	е	21AI741	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100		
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03		
	rning Objectives					
CLO 1.	Understand the imp	-	•			
CLO 2.			e of Tracking system.			
CLO 3.	Compare and contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality and its applications					
CLO 4.	•	-	nd camera simulation of	visual coherence.		
CLO 5.	Acquire knowledge		ation			
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gener	al Instructions)				
These are sa	ample Strategies, which te	eachers can use to a	accelerate the attainment	of the various course		
outcomes.						
1.	Lecturer method (L) nee	eds not to be only t	he traditional lecture me	thod, but alternative effective		
	teaching methods could					
2.	Use of Video/Animation	-		ots.		
3.	Encourage collaborative	-	-			
4.	-	• • •	-	ss, which promotes critical		
	thinking.					
5.	-	earning (PBL), whi	ch fosters students' Analy	/tical skills, develop design		
01	-		•	l analyse information rather		
	than simply recall it.	te ability to acoigil,	evaluate, generalize, and			
6.		ifold representation	ns			
0. 7.	Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage					
/.			ative ways to solve them			
8.	-		•	hen that's possible, it helps		
0.	improve the students' u		to the real world - and w	nen mat s possible, it helps		
	inipiove the students un	Modu	1. 1			
T			16-1			
	on to Augmented Reality	7		eality Evamples		
What Is Aug	gmented Reality - Defining	, gaugmented reality	y, history of augmented r			
What Is Aug Displays-Mu	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual	, gaugmented reality	y, history of augmented r	eality, Examples, cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mu <b>Text book</b>	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual <b>1: Chapter 1,2</b>	y augmented reality Perception, Requir	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist			
What Is Aug Displays-Mu <u>Text book</u> Teaching-	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual	y augmented reality Perception, Requir	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist			
What Is Aug Displays-Mu Text book Teaching- Learning	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual <b>1: Chapter 1,2</b>	y augmented reality Perception, Requir	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist			
What Is Aug Displays-Mo Text book Teaching- Learning	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual <b>1: Chapter 1,2</b>	y g augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning			
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual <b>1: Chapter 1,2</b> Chalk and board, Activ	g augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu	y, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b>	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: 7	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual <b>1: Chapter 1,2</b> Chalk and board, Activ	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T Tracking Sy	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T Tracking Sy Text book	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <b>Modu</b> Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching-	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <b>Modu</b> Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Teaching- Learning Process Tracking: T Tracking Sy Text book Teaching- Learning	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <b>Modu</b> Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Teaching- Teaching-	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y gaugmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen ve Learning, Demo	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning <b>le-2</b> acteristics of Tracking Te sor Fusion	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching- Learning Process	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3 Chalk and board, Activ	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble <u>Modu</u> Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen ve Learning, Demo	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion nstration	cics, Spatial Display Model		
What Is Aug Displays-Mi Text book Teaching- Learning Process Tracking Sy Text book Teaching- Learning Process Computer	gmented Reality - Defining ultimodal Displays, Visual 1: Chapter 1,2 Chalk and board, Activ Fracking, Calibration, and stems, Mobile Sensors, Op 1: Chapter 3	y augmented reality Perception, Requin ve Learning, Proble Modu Registration, Chara otical Tracking, Sen ve Learning, Demo Modu eality-Marker Trac	r, history of augmented r rements and Characterist em based learning le-2 acteristics of Tracking Te isor Fusion nstration le-3 cking, Multiple-Camera Ir	chnology, Stationary		

Text book 1:	Chapter 4,5
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
	e <b>nce:</b> Registration, Photometric Registration, Common Illumination, Diminished Reality, ation, Stylized Augmented Reality
Text book 1:	Chapter 6
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
	alization: Challenges, Visualization Registration, Annotations and Labeling, X-Ray
	Spatial Manipulation, Information Filtering
Interaction-Ot	itput Modalities, Input Modalities, Tangible Interfaces
Text Book 1:	Chapter 7,8
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC
Learning	
Process	
<b>Course Outco</b>	mes
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:
CO1:Understa	nd the importance of Augmented reality
CO2: Compreh	end and analyse the Tracking system.
CO3: Compare	and Contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality
-	and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.
-	knowledge of Situated Visualization
Assessment I	Details (both CIE and SEE)
minimum pas have satisfied student secur minimum of 4	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the es not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a 0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE I Examination) taken together
Continuous I	nternal Evaluation:
Three Unit Te	sts each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )
1. First	test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	d test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
Two assignme	ents each of <b>10 Marks</b>
4 First	assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	d assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	ion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b>
(duration 01	
	e end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and

#### will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question papers are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **Text Books**

1. Augmented Reality: Principles and Practice by Dieter SCHMALSTIEG, Tobias HOLLERER **Reference:** 

- 1. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016),ISBN-10: 9332578494
- 2. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0
- 3. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development||, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

e-Books:

- 1. https://www.vttresearch.com/sites/default/files/pdf/science/2012/S3.pdf
- 2. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/mixed-reality/
- 3. https://docs.microsoft.com/enus/archive/msdnmagazine/2016/november/hololensintroduction-to-the-hololens

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	MULTIAGEN	T SYSTEMS				
Course Code	21CS742	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives						
CLO 1. To introduce the conc	ept of a multi agent	systems and Distributed	l Constraints			
CLO 2. Explore the main issu			form games.			
CLO 3. Develop cooperative l						
CLO 4. Exhibit the awareness		out multi agent resource	e allocation and auctions			
CLO 5. Construct voting mec	-					
Teaching-Learning Process (Ger	eral Instructions)					
These are comple Strategies which		a a calenata tha attainm	ant of the mariane service			
These are sample Strategies, which outcomes.	i teachers can use to	accelerate the attaining	ent of the various course			
			h - d h			
	•	a traditional lecture met				
		ted to attain the outcom				
-	-	oning of various concept	ES.			
-		g) Learning in the class.				
<ol> <li>Ask at least three HO' critical thinking.</li> </ol>	ſ (Higher order Thir	nking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes			
_	Learning (PBL), wh	nich fosters students' An	alytical skills, develop			
-		o design, evaluate, genei	• •			
information rather th						
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.						
-	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and					
		heir own creative ways				
-	•	d to the real world - and				
helps improve the stu						
		Problem Formulation				
Utility, Markov Decision Processes	-					
Distributed Constraints: Distribu	-	faction. Distributed Con	straint Optimization			
		,				
Textbook 1: Chapters 1 &2, Text	book 2: Chapter 1					
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Dec	ision Processes, Plannin	g			
	2. Demonstr	ation of constraints and	their optimization			
Modul	e-2: Standard and	Extended Form Games				
Games in Normal Form, Games in I	Extended Form, Self	-interested agents, Char	acteristic Form Games,			
Coalition Formation						
Textbook 1: Chapters 3 & 4, Tex	tbook 2: Chapter 3					
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Gan	nes in different forms				
	2. Demonstr	ation of coalition formation	tion			
Мос	lule-3: Learning in	Multiagent Systems				
The Machine Learning Problem,	-		Stochastic Games, Genera			
Theories for Learning Agents, Coll	-	,	·			
	-					

	-	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	1.	8,
	2.	Demonstration of stochastic games
		lodule-4: Negotiation
		ncession Protocol, Negotiation as Distributed Search, Ad-hoc
Negotiation Strategies, The Task A Protocols for Multiagent Resour		ration: Auctions: Simple Auctions, Combinatorial Auctions
Trotocols for Multiagent Resour	ce Anoc	actori, Auctoris, Simple Auctoris, combinatorial Auctoris
Textbook 1: Chapters 6&7,		
Textbook 2: Chapter 11		
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	PPT – Bargaining problems
	2.	Demonstration of different auctions for resource allocation
		Voting and Mechanism Design
-	Design.	Nature-Inspired Approaches: Ants and Termites, Immune
System		
Textbook 1: Chapters 8&10,		
Textbook 2: Chapter 10 Teaching-Learning Process	1.	PPT – Voting Problem
reaching-Learning rrocess	1. 2.	Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches
Course Outcomes	۷.	Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches
At the end of the course the studen	t will be	a able to:
CO 1. Demonstrate the decision		
CO 2. Analyze games in differen	-	with unterent constraints
CO 3. Apply the cooperative lear		developing games
CO 4. Analyze different negotiat	-	
CO 5. Design and develop soluti		
Assessment Details (both CIE an		
The weightage of Continuous Inter	nal Eva	luation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
The minimum passing mark for t	he CIE i	s 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
deemed to have satisfied the aca	demic r	equirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
course if the student secures not	less tha	n 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4	0 marks	s out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	d Exami	nation) taken together
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b>		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	(durat	ion 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of $5^{\text{th}}$	week of	the semester
2. Second test at the end of t		
3. Third test at the end of the		eek of the semester
Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b>		
4. First assignment at the en		
5. Second assignment at the		
	ny one c	of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $ { m for}  {f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week		
The sum of three tests, two assignments	nents a	nd quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 ma	rks	
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	<b>rks</b> tion of tl	ne syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
(to have less stressed CIE, the por methods of the CIE. Each method	<b>rks</b> tion of tl of CIE sl	nould have a different syllabus portion of the course).
(to have less stressed CIE, the por- methods of the CIE. Each method <b>CIE methods /question papers</b> a	<b>rks</b> tion of th of CIE sl <b>tre desi</b>	nould have a different syllabus portion of the course). gned to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as
(to have less stressed CIE, the por methods of the CIE. Each method	<b>rks</b> tion of th of CIE sl <b>tre desi</b>	nould have a different syllabus portion of the course). gned to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Multiagent Systems by Jos'e M. Vidal, 2006, available online <u>http://jmvidal.cse.sc.edu/papers/mas.pdf</u>.
- 2. Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, By YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Cambridge University Press, 2008, 2<sup>nd</sup>ed <u>http://www.masfoundations.org/mas.pdf</u>

## **Reference:**

1. Multiagent Systems : A Modern Approach to Distributed Artificial Intelligence Gerhard Weiss The MIT Press 2000

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=02su1u2AXG0.
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/modeling-simulation-natural-processes/multi-agentsystems-kAKyC

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Course Code	21AI743	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	

CLO 1. Comprehend the fundamental principles of analytics for business

CLO 2. Explore various techniques for predictive modelling

CLO 3. Analyse the data transformation of different predictors

CLO 4. Examine how predictive analytics can be used in decision making

CLO 5. Apply predictive models to generate predictions for new data

#### **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

Introduction to Predictive analytics – Business analytics: types, applications, Analytical Techniques, Tools

**Predictive Modelling:** Propensity Models, Cluster Models, Applications.

Text book 1: Chapter 1, 2.

Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Active Learning				
Process					
Module-2					
<b>Modelling Techniques</b>	: Statistical Modelling, Machine Learning, Empirical Bayes Method,Point Estimation.				
Text book 1: Chapter 3	3,4				
Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Active Learning				
Process					
Module-3					
D. (. D					

**Data Pre-processing:** Data Transformations for Individual Predictors, Data Transformation for Multiple Predictors, Dealing with Missing Values, Removing Predictors, Adding Predictors, Binning Predictors. Over-Fitting and Model Tuning.

Text book 2: 3, 4 Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Active Learning
Process	Chark and board, Active Learning
FIDLESS	Module-4
Democrien Medele M	
	easuring Performance in Regression Models - Linear Regression and Its Cousins -
of Concrete Mixtures.	Models - Regression Trees and Rule-Based Models Case Study: Compressive Strength
of concrete mixtures.	
Text book 2: Chapter 5	.6.7.8
Teaching-Learning	Chalk& board, Active Learning, MOOC
Process	, , ,
	Module-5
Classification Models:	Measuring Performance in Classification Models - Discriminant Analysis and Other
	dels - Non-Linear Classification Models - Classification Trees and Rule-Based Models
- Model Evaluation Tech	
Text Book 2: Chapter 1	
Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, MOOC
Process	
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course	the student will be able to:
	importance of predictive analytics, able to prepare and process data for the models
	tical techniques for predictive models
-	e transformation of data in the predictors. n and classification models for decision making and evaluate the performance
	the time series forecasting models in a variety of business contexts
Assessment Details (bo	
	uous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
	for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the
	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a
	arks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
(Semester End Examinat	
<b>Continuous Internal Ev</b>	, .
	20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
	end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	he end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
Two assignments each of	
-	t at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
0	ent at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
-	ar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b>
(duration 01 hours)	
	e 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
	wo assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and
will be scaled down to 5	
	E, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	h method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the
outcome defined for th	

outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## Text Books

- 1. Jeffrey S. Strickland, Predictive Analytics using R,2014
- 2. Max Kuhn and Kjell Johnson, Applied Predictive Modeling, 1st edition Springer, 2013.

## **Reference:**

1. Dean Abbott, Applied Predictive Analytics: Principles and Techniques for the Professional Data Analyst, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition Wiley, 2014.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <u>https://www.coursera.org/lecture/fundamentals-of-data-analysis/introduction-to-predictive-analytics-u4H61</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

ROBOTIC PROCES	SS AUTOMATIO	N DESIGN AND DEVE	LOPMENT
Course Code	21CS744	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. To understand basic co CLO 2. To Describe RPA, when CLO 3. To Describe the differe CLO 4. To Understand Image, CLO 5. To Describe various ty Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes.	re it can be applied ent types of variabl Text and Data Tab pes of Exceptions a ral Instructions)	les, Control Flow and da les Automation and strategies to handle	ta manipulation techniques
<ol> <li>Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth</li> <li>Use of Video/Animation</li> <li>Encourage collaborativ</li> <li>Ask at least three HOT critical thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su information rather than</li> <li>Introduce Topics in ma</li> <li>Show the different way encourage the students</li> <li>Discuss how every condhelps improve the stud</li> </ol> <b>RPA Foundations</b> - What is RPA – F of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM the Future- RPA Skills-On-Premise	ods could be adop n to explain function e (Group Learning (Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh uch as the ability to n simply recall it. nifold representation to come up with the cept can be applied ents' understanding <u>Modul</u> Tavors of RPA- His and BPA – Consur Vs. the Cloud- We	ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep ) Learning in the class. aking) questions in the class ich fosters students' Ar o design, evaluate, gene ions. e problem with differen heir own creative ways I to the real world - and ag. le-1 story of RPA- The Bene mer Willingness for Aut	nes. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them. when that's possible, it fits of RPA- The downsides omation- The Workforce of nming Languages and Low
Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cog Flowcharts. <b>Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2</b>	nitive Automation	n-Agile, Scrum, Kanbai	and Waterfallo DevOps-
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, Problen.	n based learning
	Modul	le-2	
RPA Platforms- Components of R	PA- RPA Platform	ns-About Ui Path- Abo	ut UiPath - The future of
automation - Record and Play - Do Task recorder - Step-by-step example	-	-	Learning Ui Path Studio
Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2			
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Demons	stration
	Modul	le-3	
Teaching-Learning ProcessSequence, Flowchart, and Controtypes of loops, and decision making	Modul ol Flow-Sequencin	le-3 ng the workflow-Activ	ities-Control flow, various

example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example).

## Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
Module-4				

**Taking Control of the Controls**- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points.

## Textbook 2: Ch 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
Module-5				

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA

#### Textbook 2: Ch 8 Textbook 1: Ch 13

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	

#### **Course Outcomes**

CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA

- CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{\text{th}}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Textbooks

- 1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
- 2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

# **Reference:**

- 1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
- 2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
- 3. Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

NOSQL DATABASE					
Course Code:	21CS745	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

#### **Course Objectives:**

- CLO 1. Recognize and Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, KeyValue
- CLO 2. Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications.
- CLO 3. Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- CLO 4. Differentiate the detailed architecture of column oriented NoSQL database, Document database and Graph Database and relate usage of processor, memory, storage and file system commands.
- CLO 5. Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture methods, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL,

Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access,

Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3

**Teaching-Learning Process** 

Module-2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

Active learning

Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums.

Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes **Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6** 

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and Demonstrations	
Module-3		

Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce

Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets

#### Textbook1: Chapter 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based
Module-4	

Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Dif erent Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure

#### Textbook1: Chapter 9

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning	
Module-5		

Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.

Textbook1: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)	

,

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1. Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases,

Document databases, Graph databases.

CO2. Use the concepts pertaining to all the types of databases.

CO3. Analyze the structural Models of NoSQL.

CO4. Develop various applications using NoSQL databases.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN- 13: 978-9332557338)
- 2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)
- 3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)

# Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/ ( and related links in the page )</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained)</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work)</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained (What is NoSQL)</u>
- 5. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20-cs92/preview (preview of Bigdata course contains NoSQL)</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Real world problem solving using group discussion.

		PROGRAMMIN	G IN PYTHON	
Course Code	e	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 1	. To understand why Py	thon is a useful sci	ripting language for dev	elopers
	2. To read and write sim			1
	B. To learn how to identif			
CLO 4	. To learn how to write	functions and pass	arguments in Python.	
CLO 5	5. To use Python data str	uctures –- lists, tuj	ples, dictionaries.	
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)		
These are sa	ample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.				
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
	effective teaching meth	ods could be adop	ted to attain the outcom	ies.
2.	Use of Video/Animation	n to explain functio	oning of various concep	ts.
3.	Encourage collaborativ	e (Group Learning	) Learning in the class.	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (	Higher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	class, which promotes
	critical thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based L	earning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alytical skills, develop
	design thinking skills su	ich as the ability to	o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
	information rather than	simply recall it.		
6.	Introduce Topics in ma	nifold representat	ions.	
7.	Show the different way	-		t circuits/logic and
	encourage the students		-	
8.	-	-	•	when that's possible, it
	helps improve the stud	• • •		<b>r r r r r r r</b>
	- r - r	Modu	*	
INTRODUC	TION DATA, EXPRESSIO	<b>DNS, STATEMENT</b>	S:08 Hours	
				rminology: Interpreter and
			ypes: Int, float, Boolea	n, string, and list, variables
expressions	, statements, Operators a	and operands.		
	: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.	6, Chapter 2.1-2.6	5	
	: Chapter 1		A T	
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board,		
		Modu	le-2	
	FLOW, LOOPS:	oratora condition	al (if) alternative (if al	a) chained conditional (if
	eration: while, for, break			e), chained conditional (if-
Textbook 1	: Chapter 3.1-3.6, chap	ter 5		
	earning Process	Chalk and board,	Active Learning, Demo	nstration
		Modu	le-3	
	S AND STRINGS:			
Functions F	Function calls, adding new	w functions, defini	tion and uses, local and	global scope, return values

Functions: Function calls, adding new functions, definition and uses, local and global scope, return values. Strings: strings, length of string, string slices, immutability, multiline comments, string functions and methods;

Textbook 1: Chapter 6			
Textbook 1: Chapter 6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:08	Hours		
<b>Lists:</b> List operations, list slices, list list comprehension;	methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters,		
<b>Tuples:</b> tuple assignment, tuple as	return value, tuple comprehension;		
Dictionaries: operations and meth	ods, comprehension;		
Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning		
	Module-5		
<b>REGULAR EXPRESSIONS, FILES AN</b>			
<b>Regular expressions:</b> Character expressions, Escape character	matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regular		
Files and exception: Text files, rea	ding and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexceptions,		
handling exceptions, modules.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11 Textbook 2: Chapter 14	4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Suggested Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:		
CO 1. Understand Python syntax	and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and		
functions.			
	handling Strings and File Systems.		
	using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries.		
CO 4. Read and write data from/			
Assessment Details (both CIE and			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )			
1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
	e 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>			
4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
	y one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b>		
(duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week			
	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be <b>scaled down to 50 marks</b>			
(to have less stressed CIE, the porti	ion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours) 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Textbooks Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, 1. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN us/pythonlearn.pdf 2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17) http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf **REFERENCE BOOKS:** 1. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech 2. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson 3 Python Programming, Reema theraja, OXFORD publication Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. <u>https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php</u> 2. <a href="https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/">https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/</a> 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs</u> 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW80YM 6. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68</u> 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_uQrJ0TkZlc 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-7o

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

IN	TRODUCTION TO	AI AND ML	
Course Code	21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO1. Understands the basics of AI, solving CLO2. Explore the basics of Machine CLO3. Understand the Working of A Teaching-Learning Process (General	e Learning & Machin Artificial Neural Netv	ne Learning process, u	
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainmen	t of the various course
	l not to ho only o tro	ditional lastura math	d but altomative
1. Lecturer method (L) need	-		
effective teaching method	-		i.
2. Use of Video/Animation t	•	0	
3. Encourage collaborative (		0	
<ol> <li>Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking.</li> </ol>	igher order Thinkin	g) questions in the cla	ss, which promotes
<ol> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> </ol>			
6. Introduce Topics in manif		1	
-	-		ircuits /logic and
<ol> <li>Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> </ol>			solve them.
	8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.		
* *	Module-1		
<b>Introduction:</b> What is AI, The foundation Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environents, the structure of Agents.	nments, Good Beha	•	
Textbook 1: Chapter: 1 and 2	Challs and heard A	ativo Loomina Duchlo	w hazad laawing
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Proble	m based learning
	Module-2		
<b>Problem solving by searching:</b> Pro Uniformed search strategies, Informed			, Searching for solutions,
Textbook 1: Chapter: 3			
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Demor	stration
· · · · · · · · ·	Module-3		
Introduction to machine learning: Machine Learning in relation to other Machine Learning process, Machine Learning	fields, Types of Mac	hine Learning. Challe	
	earning applications		
<b>Understanding Data:</b> What is data, analytics framework, Descriptive statis	types of data, Big	data analytics and ty	
<b>Understanding Data:</b> What is data,	types of data, Big stics, univariate data	data analytics and ty	
<b>Understanding Data:</b> What is data, analytics framework, Descriptive statis	types of data, Big stics, univariate data 5	data analytics and ty a analysis and visualiz roblem based learning	ation

## **Understanding Data**

Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics, Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques,

**Basics of Learning Theory:** Introduction to learning and its types, Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning.

**Similarity-based learning**: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning, weighted k- Nearest - Neighbour algorithm.

#### Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

**Artificial Neural Network:** Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network, learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map,

#### Textbook 2: Chapter: 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.
- CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
  - Challenges of machine learning
- CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

## Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

#### papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Textbooks

- 1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709

2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence %20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

- 1. <u>http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e</u> <u>books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial\_intelligence/artificial\_intelligence\_overview.ht</u> m
- 2. Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X\_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm\_laSH\_cH</u>
- 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 6. <u>https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/</u>
- 9. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

ľ	NTRODUCTION	TO BIG DATA	
Course Code	21CS753	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
<ul> <li>CLO 1. Understand Hadoop Di CLO 2. Explore Hadoop tools a CLO 3. Appraise the role of dat CLO 4. Identify various Text M</li> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (Generation These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes.</li> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) new effective teaching method</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT ( critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su information rather than</li> </ul>	and manage Hadoo ta mining and its a <u>sining techniques</u> <b>ral Instructions)</b> eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop to explain functio e (Group Learning Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh ich as the ability to	op with Sqoop applications across indu- accelerate the attainm traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep ) Learning in the class. king) questions in the outcom ich fosters students' Ar	ent of the various course chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop
<ol> <li>Show the different ways encourage the students</li> <li>Discuss how every conc helps improve the stude</li> </ol>	to come up with t ept can be applied	heir own creative ways l to the real world - and	to solve them.
	Modul	e-1	
Hadoop Distributed file system:HE Hadoop MapReduce Framework: T Programming	-	-	
Textbook 1: Chapter 3,5,68hr	Challs and heard	Astivo Looming Duckl	an based leave in a
Teaching-Learning Process	Chaik and board, Modul	Active Learning, Proble	em baseu iearning
<b>Essential Hadoop Tools:</b> Using ap Apache Flume, Apache H Base <b>Textbook 1: Chapter 78hr</b>			oache Sqoop, Using Apache
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board.	Active Learning, Demo	nstration
	Modul		
Data Warehousing: Introduction Architectures Data Mining: Introduction, Gather Mining, Data Mining Techniques	ı, Design Consi	deration, DW Devel	opment Approaches, DW oreparation, outputs ofData
Touthook 2. Chanton 4.			
Textbook 2: Chapter 4,5 Teaching-Learning Process	Challs and heard	Duchlom beard looming	a Domonatuation
I AACHING-I AARNING PROCOSS	unaik and board,	Problem based learnin	g, Demonstration
reaching-Learning rrocess	Modul		

**Decision Trees:** Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm

**Regressions:** Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages.

## Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

**Text Mining**: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices

**Web Mining:** Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms.

## Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14

· ·	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, MOOC

## Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
- CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
- CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a

	maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.				
The stu	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module				
Textbooks					
1.	Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the				
	Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1stEdition, Pearson Education,2016.				
2.	Anil Maheshwari, "Data Analytics", 1stEdition, McGraw Hill Education,2017				
Weblir	iks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):				
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/				
2.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU				
3.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g				
4.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA				
5.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g				
6.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0				
7.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE				
Activit	Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning				
Real wo	Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects				
Explori	Exploring the applications which involves big data.				

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE						
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives						
CLO 1. To provide a foundation i		-				
CLO 2. To familiarize data science CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data		)				
CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data cLO 4. To analyze the data scien		al time applications				
Teaching-Learning Process (General		ear time applications.				
reaching hearning rocess (deneral	i insti uctionsj					
These are sample Strategies, which tea	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainment	of the various course			
outcomes.						
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a tra	ditional lecture method	, but alternative			
effective teaching method	-		,			
2. Use of Video/Animation to	_					
3. Encourage collaborative (	-					
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi		-	which promotes			
critical thinking.	Buer order rimming	b) quebtions in the club	, which promoted			
5. Adopt Problem Based Lea	rning (PRL) which	fosters students' Analyt	ical skills, develop			
design thinking skills such		-	-			
information rather than si	-	Sign, evaluate, generaliz	c, and analyze			
6. Introduce Topics in manif						
7. Show the different ways to	-		cuits /logic and			
encourage the students to						
-	-	•				
8. Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen		ule leal wollu - allu wil	en that's possible, it			
	Module-1					
PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA						
Philosophies of data science - Data			s of data science and hig			
data - facts of data: Structured data, Unstructured data, Natural Language, Machine generated data, Audio,						
Image and video streaming data -						
Programming framework, Data Integra	ation frame work, M	lachine learning Frame	work, NoSQL Databases,			
Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools,	System Deploymen	t, Service programming	and Security.			
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4 Teaching-Learning Process	Challs and board A	ctive Learning, PPT Bas	ad procentation			
reaching-Learning riotess	Module-2					
THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Over			ing pagagrah goals and			
creating project charter, retrieving da		-				
analysis, Build the models, presenting						
······, ···, · ···· ····, ·····, ······, ······		8 -FF				
Textbook 1:,Ch 2						
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, PPT Bas	ed presentation			
	Module-3					
MACHINE LEARNING: Application for	machine learning in	n data science- Tools us	sed in machine learning-			
	Modeling Process – Training model – Validating model – Predicting new observations – Types of machine					
learning Algorithm : Supervised learnin	ng algorithms, Unsu	pervised learning algor	ithms.			
Toythook 1. Ch 2.1 to 2.2						
Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3						

Dashboard development tools.          Textbook 1: Ch 9         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.       Ch         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2       Ch         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         Course Outcomes       Ch         At the end of the course the student will b       CO 1. Describe the data science terming         CO 2. Apply the Data Science process or       CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools         CO 4. Apply Data storage and processin       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation       Evaluation	ologies n real time scenario.				
Dashboard development tools.          Textbook 1: Ch 9         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.       Ch         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2       Ch         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         Course Outcomes       Ch         At the end of the course the student will b       CO 1. Describe the data science terming         CO 2. Apply the Data Science process or       CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools         CO 4. Apply Data storage and processin       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation       Evaluation	alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC Module-5 and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
Textbook 1: Ch 9         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.       Case Studies a storage and process         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2       Ch         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         Course Outcomes       Ch         At the end of the course the student will b       C0 1. Describe the data science terming         C0 2. Apply the Data Science process or       C0 3. Analyze data visualization tools         C0 4. Apply Data storage and processin       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation       Evaluation	Module-5 and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will b       C0 1. Describe the data science terming       C0 2. Apply the Data Science process or         C0 3. Analyze data visualization tools       C0 4. Apply Data storage and processing       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Eval	Module-5 and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will b       C0 1. Describe the data science terming       C0 2. Apply the Data Science process or         C0 3. Analyze data visualization tools       C0 4. Apply Data storage and processing       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Eval	Module-5 and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2         Teaching-Learning Process         Ch         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will b         CO 1. Describe the data science termine         CO 2. Apply the Data Science process or         CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools         CO 4. Apply Data storage and processin         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Eva	Module-5 and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
CASE STUDIES Distributing data storage a when lending money.         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2         Teaching-Learning Process         Ch         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will b         CO 1. Describe the data science termine         CO 2. Apply the Data Science process or         CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools         CO 4. Apply Data storage and processin         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Eva	Module-5 and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
when lending money.         Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2         Teaching-Learning Process       Ch         Course Outcomes       K         At the end of the course the student will b       CO 1. Describe the data science termine         CO 2. Apply the Data Science process or       CO 3. Analyze data visualization tools         CO 4. Apply Data storage and processin       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation       Evaluation	alk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video e able to: blogies n real time scenario. g with frameworks				
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The weightage of Continuous Internal Eva	aluation (CIE) is $50\%$ and for Semester End Evant (SEE) is $50\%$				
	aluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Evam (SEE) is 50%				
	is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
	requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
	an 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
	s out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Exami	ination) taken together				
Continuous Internal Evaluation:					
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Marks (durat</b>	-				
1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of					
2. Second test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup>					
3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> w	eek of the semester				
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>	weak of the competen				
4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup>					
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b>					
(duration 01 hours)	in three suitably planned to attain the COS and POS for <b>20 Marks</b>				
6. At the end of the $13^{\text{th}}$ week of the	samastar				
	and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 marks	and quizy seminary group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
	he syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
	hould have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
	designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined for the cour	-				
Semester End Examination:					
Theory SEE will be conducted by Unive	ersity as per the scheduled timetable, with common question				
papers for the subject (duration 03 hour					
	questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.				
2. There will be 2 questions from e	ach module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a				
maximum of 3 sub-questions), <b>sh</b>	ould have a mix of topics under that module.				
The students have to answer 5 full question	ons, selecting one full question from each module				

## Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali, Manning Publications, 2016.

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
- 2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
- 3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
- 4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg</u>
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.